				List of approved Veterinary Vaccines (This is	lynamic list)			
S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
1	Globion India Private Limited Manufacturing Unit: D. No. 4-3, Survey No.321, Biotech Park Phase-III, Karkapatla Village, Markook Mandal, Siddipet District, Telangana — 502281, India.	MF-99/2015 Dated: 28.04.2015	Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease Vaccine, Live, Lentogenic, LaSota Strain, Freeze Dried, I.P.	ND Virus, LaSota Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Lyophilized Vaccine 200, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000, 10000 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of chicken against Ranikhet (Newcastle) disease and to prevent losses in performance	
2		MF 101/2015 Dated: 28.04.2015	Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease Vaccine, Live, Lentogenic, F. Strain, Freeze Dried, I.P.	ND Virus, F Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Lyophilized Vaccine 200, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000, 10000 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of chicken against Ranikhet (Newcastle) disease and to prevent losses in performance	
3		MF 151/2015 Dated: 30.06.2015	Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, LaSota Strain, Water in Oil emulsion, I.P.	ND Virus, LaSota Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against Ranikhet (Newcastle) disease infections in poultry and to reduce losses in performance	
4		MF 151/2015 Dated: 30.06.2015	Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, LaSota Strain, Water in Oil emulsion, LP.	ND Virus, LaSota Strain	PVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against Ranikhet (Newcastle) disease infections in poultry and to reduce losses in performance	
5		MF 102/2015 Dated: 28.04.2015	Fowl Pox Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried, LP.	Fowl Pox virus, IVRI Srain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Lyophilized Vaccine 500, 1000 and 2000 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of chicken against Fowl Pox.	
6		MF 100/2015 Dated: 28.04.2015	Inclusion Body Hepatitis (IBH) Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P.	Fowl Adeno Virus, Serotype-4	In-House (R&D-Globion India Pvt Ltd.)	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization of young chicks against Inclusion Body Hepatitis - Hydro Pericardium Syndrome (IBH-HPS) and for passive immunization in parent flocks to transfer maternal antibodies to young progeny chicks.	

7	MF- 103/2015 Dated: 28.04.2015	Fowl Cholera Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P.	Bacterins of Pasteurella multocida	In-House (R&D-Globion India Pvt Ltd.)	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against Fowl cholera infections in poultry and to reduce losses in performance.	
8	MF- 218/2012 Dated: 21.08.2012	Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease Vaccine, Live, Lentogenic, TANUVAS D58 Strain, Freeze Dried, LP.	ND Virus, TANUVAS DS8 Strain	Tamil Nadu Veterinary and Animal Sciences University (TANUVAS)	Lyophilized Vaccine 200, 500, 1000, 2500 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of chicken against Ranikhet (Newcastle) disease in poultry.	
9	MF- 211/2012 Dated: 09.08.2012	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P	IB Virus, Massacheusetts type	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against Avian Infectious Bronchitis virus infection in poultry and for passive immunization in parent flock by transfer of maternal antibodies to young progeny chicks.	
10	MF- 212/2012 Dated: 09.08.2012	Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated, Combined.	ND Virus LaSota Strain & IB Virus, Massacheusetts type	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against Ranikhet (New castle) disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease virus infection in poultry and for passive immunization in parent flocks by transfer of maternal antibodies to young progeny chicks	
11	MF- 379/2012 Dated: 26.02.2013	Disease, Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P. Water in oil emulsion.	IBD Virus Intermediate Plus strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization of chickens against Infectious Bursal Disease Virus infections in poultry and for passive immunization in parent flocks by transfer of maternal antibodies to young progeny chicks	
12	MF- 382/2012 Dated: 17.01.2013	Combined Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease, Avian Infectious Bronchitis and Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, Water in Oil emulsion.	ND Virus LaSota Strain, IB Virus Massacheusetts type and IBD Virus Intermediate Plus strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against Rankhet (Newcastle) disease, Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease and Infectious Bursal Disease infection in poultry and for passive immunization in parental flocks by transfer of maternal antibodies to young progeny chicks.	
13	MF- 151/2013 Dated: 02.08.2013	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried, I.P. (Intermediate Strain)	IBD Virus, Intermediate strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Lyophilized Vaccine 500, 1000, 2500, 5000 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of chickens against Infectious Bursal Disease visual infections in poultry infections in poultry	
14	MF- 160/2013 Dated: 29.07.2013	infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried, I.P. (Intermediate Plus Strain)	IBD Virus, Intermediate Plus Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar, U.P	Lyophilized Vaccine 200, 500, 1000, 2500, 5000 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of chickens against infectious Bursal Disease virus infections in poultry	

19	5		MF- 301/2012 Dated: 29.10.2012	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live, H120 Strain, Freeze Dried, I.P / B.P.	IB Virus Massacheusetts type, H120 Strain	Woogene 8&G Co., Republic of Korea	Lyophilized Vaccine 200, 500, 1000, 2500 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization against infectious Bronchitis virus infections in poultry.
	6		MF- 380/2012 Dated: 17.01.2013	Newcastle Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Liwing, Freeze dried, B.P.	Massacheusetts type, H120 Strain	Strain-Woogene B&G Co., Republic of Korea	Lyophilized Vaccine 1000 Doses packed in Type-1 glass vials.	For active immunization of healthy susceptible chickens against Newcastle(ND) and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease (IB).
1:			MF- 179/2014 Dated: 08.08.2014	Infectious Coryza Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P. / B.P.	Serotypes A, B & C	The University of Queensland, Australia	Water in Oil emulsion 1000 Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization against infectious Coryza infections in poultry and to reduce losses in performance.
11	8		MF-96/2018 Dated: 13.03.2018	Newcaste (Ranikhet) Disease and Fowl Cholera vaccine, Combined, Inactivated.		LaSota strain-IVRI, Izatnagar,U.P Pasteurella multiodid Strain-in-House (R&D- Globion India Pvt Ltd.)	Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization of chickens against Ranikhet (Newcastle) disease and Fowl cholera.
19			MF-87/2018 Dated: 06.03.2018	Newcastle (Ranikhet) Disease and Inclusion Body Hepatitis (IBH) Vaccine, Combined Inactivated.		Fowl Adeno Virus, Serotype-4- In-House (R&D- Globion India Pvt Ltd.)	Doses packed in HDPE Bottle.	For active immunization of chicks against Ranikhet (Newcastle) Disease and Inclusion Body Hepatitis- Hydro Pericardium Syndrome (IBH-HPS).
s.		Name of the importer with address	Form 45 Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Species	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication
1		M/s Virbac Animal Health India Pvt. Ltd. 604, 6th Floor, Western Edge-I, Magathane, Western Express Highway, Borivall (East), Mumbai-400066, Maharashtra, India	IMP-1014/09 dated 29 Dec 2009	Combined Canine Distemper, Canine Adenovirus-Type 2 and Canine Parvovirus Vaccine With Diluent (Brand name : CANIGEN® DHP)	Freeze Dried Fraction contains: Canine Distemper Virus (CDV) – Lederle Strain Canine Adenovirus Type 2 (CAV-2) - Manhattan Strain Canine Parvovirus(CPV) – CPV780916 Strain Liquid Fraction contains: Water for injection IP	Dogs	Injectable dosing form for parenteral administration	For active immunization of dogs from 8 weeks of age to: i) Prevent mortality and clinical signs of distemper, canine parvovirus and infectious canine hepatitis induced by canine adenovirus type 1. ii) Reduce infection and clinical signs of respiratory disease induced by canine adenovirus type 2

3		IMP-250/2014 dated 10 Nov 2014 IMP-698/10 dated 17 Aug 2010	Freeze Dried Attenuated Canine Distemper, Adenovirus- 2, Parovirus, Parainfluenza attenuated Virus Vaccine & Leptopin Vaccine Inactivated, I.P. (Brand Name: CANIGEN® DHPP/I,) Freeze Dried Attenuated vaccine for	Freeze Dried Fraction Canigen DHPPI contains; Canine Distemper Virus (Lederle Strain) Canine Adenovirus Type 2 virus (Manhattan Strain) Canine Paravovirus (Cornell Strain) Canine Parainfluenza Virus (Manhattan Strain) Canigen L(Uquid) contains; Leptospira Interrogans Canicola Leptospira Interrogans Icterohaemorrhagiae Freeze Dried Fraction contains;	Dogs	Lyophilized vaccine after reconstitution with diluent for intramuscular route of administration. Presentation: 1 dose each of Canigen DHPPI and Canigen L fractions in glass vials.	For active immunization of dogs above 8 weeks of age against Canine Distemper, Adenovirus-2, Parvovirus, Parainfluenzae virus & Leptospirosis.
			parenteral use in cats with diluent (grand name: FELIGEN® CRP WITH DILUENT)	Attenuated Feline Calcivirus (strain F9) Attenuated Virus of Feline Rhinotracheitis (Strain F2) Attenuated Virus of Feline Panleukopenia (Strain L72) Liquid Fraction contains;		administration (to be reconstituted with diluent before use)	against Feline Calcivirosis, Feline Rhinotracheitis and Feline Panleukopenia.
4		IMP-255/2014 dated 24 Nov 2014	Rabies veterinary Vaccine, Inactivated (Cell Culture] I.P., aliged dose (Brand Name: RABIGEN® MONO, 1 DOSE)	Inactivated Rabies Suspension (VP12 strain)	Dogs, cats, cattle, horses and in principle all mammals	Injectable for intramuscular or subcutaneous use.	For active immunization of dogs, cats, cattle, horses and in principle all mammals against Rables
5		IMP-249/2014 dated 9 Dec 2014	Rabies Veterinary Vaccine, Inactivated (Cell Culture] I.P., Tendose (Brand Name: RABIGEN® MONO, 10 DOSE)	Inactivated Rabies Suspension (VP12 strain)	mammals	or subcutaneous use	For active immunization of dogs, cats, cattle, horses and in principle all mammals against Rabies
6		IMP-243/2021 dated 13 Aug 2021	Ranikhet Disease Vaccine, Live, (Lentogenic Strain), IP, KBNP-C4152R2L Strain (Under the trade name HimmvacTM - N+ Live)	Newcastle disease virus (KBNP-C4152R2L Strain)	Poultry	Live, freeze-dried vaccine Presentation: 2000 Doses	Vaccine is used for the active immunization of healthy chickens against Newcastle disease caused by Newcastle disease virus.
S. No	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication
1	Name of Importer:	IMP-328/2012 dt. 29.10.2012	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED	VH strain	Kimron Veterinary Institute, Israel	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000	Intended for vaccination of Chickens against Newcastle
2	Zydus Animal Health & Investments Ltd, Ahmedabad Manufacturer:	IMP-329/2012 dt. 29.10.2012	IP, OIL EMULSION COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE AND INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE INACTIVATED	VH-strain & M41-strain	M-41 strain obtained from ATCC, USA	doses) Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	Disease (ND) For vaccination of layer breeders and broiler breeders against ND and Infectious Bronchitis
3	M/s. Abic Biological Laboratories Limited. Hamelacha 3 Street.	IMP-340/2012 dt. 15.11.2012	COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE VH STRAIN AND INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE,	VH strain & MB strain	MB strain was isolated from natural outbreak in Israel	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	Intended for vaccination of Chickens against ND & IBD
4	West Industrial Zone, Beit Shemesh,	IMP-323/2012 dt. 26.10.2012	INACTIVATED NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE EFFERVESCENT	VH strain	Kimron Veterinary Institute, Israel	Tablets (Blister pack):	For active immunisation of Chickens against ND
5	Israel	IMP-324/2012 dt. 29.10.2012	TABLET, LIVE INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, LIVE IP	, MB strain	Israel: Isolated by Abic from natural outbreak of	1000/2000/5000 doses Lyophilized cake in 5 ml vial:	For active immunisation of Chickens against virulent strains of IBD
6		IMP-325/2012 dt. 29.10.2012	LYOPHILIED INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE EFFERVESCENT TABLET, LIVE, LYOPHILIZED	H-120 strain	IBD in chickens Central Veterinary Institute, Holland	500/1000/2000/5000 doses Tablets (Blister pack): 1000/2000/5000 doses	For active immunisation of Chickens against Infectious Bronchitis
7	_	IMP-327/2012 dt. 29:10.2012	INFECTIOUS BURSAL VACCINE EFFERVESCENT	MB strain	Israel: Isolated by Abic from natural outbreak of	Tablets (Blister pack):	For active immunisation of Chickens against virulent strains of IBD
8	+	IMP-322/2012 dt. 26.10.2012	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE,	H-120 strain	IBD in chickens Central Veterinary Institute, Holland	Lyophilized cake in 5 ml vial:	For active immunisation of Chickens against Infectious Bronchitis
9	+	IMP-336/2012 dt. 15.11.2012	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, LIVE, IP, VH	VH strain	Kimron Veterinary Institute, Israel	500/1000/2000/5000 doses Lyophilized cake in 5 ml vial:	For immunisation of chickens against Newcastle Disease
10		IMP-338/2012 dt. 15.11.2012	STRAIN, LYOPHILIZED COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE VH	VH & H120 strain	As mentioned in SI no. 1 & 6	500/1000/2000/5000 doses Lyophilized cake in 5 ml vial:	For immunisation of chickens against Newcastle Disease
			STRAIN AND INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE LIVE. LYOPHILIZED			500/1000/2000/5000 doses	and Infectious Bronchitis.
11		IMP-354/2012 dt. 18.02.2013	COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE AND INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED	VH + MB + M41 strain	As mentioned in SI no. 1, 5 & 6	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	For active immunisation of Chickens against ND, IBD & IB
12		IMP-355/2012 dt. 18.02.2013	INFECTIOUS CORYZA VACCINE, INACTIVATED	HAEMOPHILUS PARAGALINARUM Serotype A &C, MODESTO, W & 221 strains	H Paragallinarum serotype C, Modesto strain obtained from Klinikum der Philipps, Universitat Marburg, Germany; Serotype A, W strain was obtained from the ATCC, Maryland, USA; Serotype A, 221 strain was obtained from	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	Intended for use in layers & breeders against Infectious conyza disease

13		IMP-356/2012 dt. 18.02.2013	COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE, INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE AND INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS AND REO VIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED		Avian Reo Virus S1133 strain was isolated in Connecticut, USA. (Other strains mentioned in Sli no. 1, 2 & 5)	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	For active immunisation of Chickens against ND, IBD, IB & I	Reo virus infection
14		IMP-358/2012 dt. 18.02.2013	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED, IP	PASTEURELLA MULTOCIDA Serotype 1, 3 & 4	National Animal Disease Center, Lowa, USA	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	Intended for vaccination in Chickens & turkeys against Fowl Cholera disease	
15		IMP-136/2014 dt. 06.06.2014	FOWL POX VACCINE, LIVE, IP, LYOPHILIZED	KOMAROV strain	Kimron Veterinary Institute, Israel	Lyophilized cake in 5 ml vial:	Prevention of Fowl Pox	
16	_	IMP-260/2018	FREEZED DRIED VACCINE LIVE INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE (IBD) VIRUS	MB strain	As mentioned in SI no.5	500/1000/2000/5000 doses Lyophilized cake in 5 ml vial:	disease For the early protection of chicks in the presence of	
		dt 05.11.2018	VACCINE,			500/1000/2000/5000 doses	maternally derived antibodies (MDA) against infection caused by IBDV	
17		IMP-249/2018 Dt 15.10.2018	INFECTIOUS CORYZA INACTIVATED OIL EMULSION VACCINE	Avibacterium paragllinarum 221, Spross, MODESTO and AKKO strains	A Paragallinarum serotype A, 221 strain & Serotype B, Spross strain was obtained from Japan;	Liquid injection, 600 ml bottle (2000 doses)	& breeders against Infectious coryza disease	
					Serotype C, Modesto strain was obtained from Animal Research Institute, Australia; Serotype C AKKO strain was received from Israel's AKKO laboratory			
18		IMP-106/2019 dt. 14.08.2019	COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VIRUS VP2 PROTEIN, INACTIVATED OIL EMULSION VACCINE	V.H. strain + IBD VP2 Protein	As mentioned in SI no. 1 & 5	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	For active immunisation of Chickens against ND & IBD	
19		IMP-211/2020 dt. 07.09.2020	COMBINED NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VIRUS VP2 PROTEIN, INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VIRUS and VIRAL ARTHRITIS REO VIRUS VACCINE INACTIVATED	V.H. strain+ IBD VP2 Protein+ M-41 + REO S 1133 strain	As mentioned in SI no. 13	Liquid injection, 500 ml bottle (1000 doses)	For active immunisation of Chickens against ND, IBD, IB & I	Reo virus infection
S. N	address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
1	PANAV BIO-TECH	IMP-598/2011	Vaccine against Canine Distemper, Parvovirus,	CPV, CCV, CDV, CAV-2, CPI	Laboratory Bio-trend S International Inc.	Dosage Form- Lyophilized form of viral	For protection against Canine Distemper, Parvovirus,	
	70, Ground floor Pvt. No. B-6, Najafgarh Road industrial Area, New Delhi 110015		Parainfluenza, Hepattitis, Adenovirus, Corona wius and 5 Leptospirosis (Vencomax 11)		Sacramento, California USA, ATCC- American type culture collection, Manassas, Virginia USA	suspension to be reconstituted with liquid form of bacterial suspension for subcutaneous route of administration. Presentation - One vial of a freeze-dried fraction containing 1 dose, accompanied by a vial containing 1 ml of diluent, packed in a box with 10 vials.	Infectious Hepatitis, Adenovirosis, Leptospirosis and coronavirus in dogs of any	
2		IMP-599/2011	Vaccine against Canine Distemper, Palvovirus,	CPV, CCV, CDV, CAV-2, CPI	Laboratory Bio-trend S International Inc.	Dosage Form- Lyophilized form of viral	For protection against Canine Distemper, Parvovirus,	
			Parainfluenza, Hepatitis, Adenovirus, Gorona virus and Leptospirosis. (Vencomax 8)		Sacramento, California USA. ATCC- American type culture collection, Manassas, Virginia USA	suspension to be reconstituted with liquid form of bacterial suspension for subcutaneous route of administration. Presentation - one visid of a freeze-dried fraction containing 1 dose, accompanied by a vial containing 1 ml of liquid fraction, packed in a box with 10 vials.	Para influenza, Hepatitis, Adenovirosis, Leptospirosis and coronavirus in dogs of any	
3		IMP-01/2012	Vaccine against Corona virus in Dogs (Vencorona)	ccv	Laboratory Bio-trend's International Inc. Sacramento, California USA. ATCC- American type culture collection, Manassas, Virginia USA	Liquid injection to be administered by subcutaneous route. Presentations: 1 ml (1 dose) packed in a box containing 10,20 or 25 vials &1 glass vial containing 10ml (10 doses) of Canine corona virus vaccine.	For the vaccination against corona virus in dogs.	
4		IMP-13/2012	Vaccine against Canine Distemper, Parvovirus, Parainfluenza, Adenovirus type 2 and	CPV, CDV, CAV-2, CPI	Laboratory Bio-trend S International Inc. Sacramento, California USA. ATCC- American type	Liquid injection after reconstitution of Lyophilized part with liquid part for	Vaccination against Distemper, Parvovirus, Parainfluenza, AdenovinJs and Leptospirosis infections in	
			Leptospirosis Infections in Dogs (Vencosix)		culture collection, Manassas, Virginia USA	subcutaneous route of administration. Presentation: 1ml (1 dose) packed in a box with 1, 5, 10 or 20 vials of lyophilized and diluents	dogs.	
5		IMP-82/2015	Combined Feline Panleukopenia, calcivirus and Rhinotracheitis vaccine for cat (Ronvac)		Laboratory Bio-trend s International Inc. Sacramento, California USA. ATCC- American type culture collection, Manassas, Virginia USA	Dosage Form- Suspension for subcutaneous route of administration	For treatment of Feline Panleukopenia, Calicivirus and Rhinotrachetitis in cat.	
6		IMP-211/2015	Canine Infectious Tracheobronchitis vaccine for dog (Defense Bronch)	Bordetella Bronchiseptica, ATCC 4617	Exopol SL., Zaragoza, Spain		For prevention of Canine Infectious Tracheobronchitis (Kennel Cough) caused by Bordetella brochiseptica.	
7		IMP-1010/10	Hyper Immune Heterogeneous Immunoglobulins against parvovirus. (Canglob	CPV T-86	Bioveta Terezin	Dosage Form- Injection IV, IM or SC.	It is indicated for the treatment and prophylaxis of parvovirus in dogs and canine beasts of prey.	
8		IMP-1009/10	Hyper Immune Heterogeneous Immunoglobulins against Distemper. (Canglob D Forte)	Onderstepoort strain	Bioveta Terezin	Dosage Form- Injection IV, IM or SC.	It is indicated for the treatment and prophylaxis of Distemper min dogs and canine beasts of prey.	
9		Import-644/08	Dispersion of the properties of the properties of the person of the pers	Viral strain -Haigh, Toronto, CPV T-86, CPIV BT 01-89 Bacterial strain - Licterohaemorrahagiae 1539/68, L. grippytophosa 1186/68, L.serjoe 2189/66	Bioveta Terezin	Dosage Form- Injection	Active immunization of dogs, canids and stoats except ferrets against distemper, infectious larygotrachetitis, parvovitosis, parainfluenza and leptospirosis	
10		Import-645/08	Inactivated vaccine against Rabies (Canvac R)	Pasteur strain (PV)	Valle S.A. Brasil	Dosage Form- Injection	for prophylactic Immunization of clinically healthy animals against rabies	
11		IMP-149/2017	Himmvac Hog Cholera (T/C) Vaccine	LOM-850	Virology Division National Veterinary Research and Quarantine Service, Anyang, Korea	and intramuscular use Presentations: 10, 20 doses	Himmvac Hog Cholera (T/C) Vaccine	
S. N	o. Name of the importer/ manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	

	Intas Pharmaceuticals Ltd, Plot No. 457&458, Sarkhej-Bavla Road, Matoda- 382210, Sanand, Ahmedabad, Gujarat	SVV-7 (26/03/2019 to 25/03/2022)	Rabies Veterinary Vaccine, Inactivated I.P.	Canine Rabies Virus PV (Pasteur Strain)	Cornell University (9th June 2004)	Freeze dried vaccine reconstituted with sterile diluents and administered intramuscularly or subcutaneously. Presentation: 1 dose in a vial.	For active immunization of Dogs and Cats as an aid in the prevention of Rabies Virus Infection	
2			Canine Corona Virus Vaccine, Inactivated I.P.	CCV strain K378	Cornell University (5th December 1995)	Liquid injections (1 ml per dose) administered subcutaneously around shoulder area. Presentation: 1 dose x 20 Vials	For the prevention of canine corona virus infection in dogs	
3			Live Canine Distemper Virus, Canine Adenovirus Stype-2, Canine Parvovirus and Canine Parainfluenza Virus Combined Freeze Dried Vaccine	CDV strain Rockborn, CAV-2 strain Manhattan, CPV strain 780916-LP, CPIV strain D008	Cornell University (5th December 1995)	Combined Freeze dried vaccine reconstituted with 1 ml sterile diuents, administered subcutaneously. Presentation: 1 dose in a vial.	For prevention of canine distemper virus, canine adenovirus type 2 (infectious canine hepatitis), canine parvovirus and canine parainfluenza virus infection in dogs	
4			Live, Canine Parvovirus and Canine Corona Virus Combined Freeze Dried Vaccine	CPV strain C-780916, CCV strain K378	Cornell University	Combined freeze dried vaccine reconstituted with 1 ml sterile diluents, administered intramuscularly around shoulder area. Presentation: 1 dose in a vial.	As an aid for the prevention of canine parvovirus and caninine corona virus infection in dogs	
5			Live Canine Distemper Virus, Canine Adenovirus, Canine Parvovirus and Canine Parainfluenza Virus Freeze-dried Solid and Leptospira bacterin as diluent, combined Vaccine (Canishof DHPPI)	CDV strain Onderstepoort, CAV-2 Strain Manhattan, CPV strain 780916-LP, CPIV strain D008	CDV-Onderstepoort from Quarantine Inspection Agency (4th January 1985), other strains (CAV-2, CPV & CPIV) from Cornell University	Combine freeze dried solid vaccine (1 ml per dose) given intradermally of intramuscularly	An aid for the prevention of canine distemper infection, canine hepatitis, canine parvovirus infection, canine parainfluenza infection and leptospira infection in dogs	
6			Live Canine Distemper Virus, Canine Adenovirus Type-2, Canine Parvovirus and Canine Parainfluenza Virus Combined Freeze Dried vaccine and killed Canine Corona Virus in a diluent, combined vaccine (Canishot KS-Cv)	CDV strain Rockborn, CAV-2 Strain Manhattan, CPV strain 780916-LP, CPIV strain D008, CCV strain K378	Cornell University	Combine freeze dried vaccine administered subcutaneously around the shoulder area.	An aid for the prevention of canine distemper infection, canine hepatitis, canine parvovirus infection, canine parainfluenza infection and coronavirus infections in dogs	
S. No	Name of the importer/manufacturer with	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
3.140	address M/s. Boehringer Ingelheim India Pvt Ltd,	IMP-182/2016	Product name: Newcastle Disease Vaccine,	VG/GA - Avinew strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage Form: Freeze dried pellet	The vaccine induces an active immunization of chickens	
	WJS. Boenringer ingelneim India PVL Ltd, Bld No.D-5, Gala No: 1 to 5, Shree Arihant Compound Ground Floor, Reti Bunder Road, Kalher, Bhiwandi 421302,Dist: Thane Z5, India	IMP-182/2016	Live, IP Brand name: Avinew	vg/ga - Avinew strain	soenringer ingeineim	Presentation: 2000 doses	The vaccine induces an active immunization or chickens against Newcastle disease.	
2		IMP-173/2018	Brand Name: BDA Blen	,	Boehringer Ingelheim		This vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy chickens as an aid in the prevention of bursal disease. It is recommended for subcutaneous injection of chickens at one day of age or in row vaccination of 18-to 19-day-old embryonated chicken eggs. It is essential that the birds be maintained under good environmental conditions and that exposure to disease viruses be reduced as much as possible	
3		IMP-149/2014	Brand Name: BDA Blen Product name: Avian infectious bronchitis disease live Brand name: Bioral H 120	Live infectious bronchitis virus H120 strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Presentation: 1000 doses, 2000 doses, 8000 doses 8000 doses 9000 d	healthy chickens as an aid in the prevention of bursal disease. It is recommended for subcutaneous injection of chickens at one day of age or in ovo vaccination of 18-to 19-day-old embryonated chicken eggs. It is essential that the birds be maintained under good environmental conditions and that exposure to disease viruses be reduced	
3		IMP-149/2014 IMP-201/2015	Brand Name: BDA Blen Product name: Avian infectious bronchitis disease live			Presentation: 1000 doses, 2000 doses, 8000 doses 8000 doses 9000 d	healthy chickens as an aid in the prevention of bursal disease. It is recommended for subcutaneous injection of chickens at one day of age or in towo vaccination of 18-to 19-day-old embryonated chicken eggs. It is essential that the birds be maintained under good environmental conditions and that exposure to disease viruses be reduced as much as possible For active immunization against Avian Infectious Bronchitis. Vaccination of the poultry (broilers, future layer pullets and	
3 4		IMP-149/2014	Brand Name: BDA Blen Product name: Avian infectious bronchitis disease livre Brand name: Bloral H 120 Product name: Fowl Pox Vaccine, Live, IP	Live infectious bronchitis virus H120 strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Presentation: 1000 doses, 2000 doses, 8000 doses 8000 doses 8000 doses 9000 dose 9000 d	healthy chickens as an aid in the prevention of bursal disease. It is recommended for subcutaneous injection of chickens at one day of age or in towo vaccination of 18-to 19-day-old embryonated chicken eggs. It is essential that the birds be maintained under good environmental conditions and that exposure to disease viruses be reduced as much as possible For active immunization against Avian Infectious Bronchitis.	

	IMP-240/2013	Product name:Marek's Serotype 2 & 3 Brand name: Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, IP	Marek's Disease virus, Serotype 2 (SBI strain of herpis virus chicken) Mareks disease virus serotye 3 (FC- 1 to 6 strain of hepis virus turkey)		Dosage form: Frozen vaccine Presentation: 1000, 2000 doses	This vaccine is recommended for in ovo vaccination of 18 to 19-day-old embryonated chicken eggs. For in ovo vaccination, only healthy embryonated eggs should be used. This vaccine is also recommended for subcutaneous vaccination of healthy one-day-old chickens. It is essential that the chickens be maintained under anode neutronmental control to the chickens be maintained under an	
8	IMP-202/2018	Product name:Marek's Disease Vaccine, Serotype 2, Live Virus Brand name: Marek's SB1	Marek's Disease virus serotype 2	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Injectable Presenatation: 1000, 2000 & 4000 doses	old chickens and healthy 18 days old chicken embryos as an aid in the prevention of Marek's disease.	
9	IMP-93/2017	Product name:Bursal Disease-Marek's Disease Vaccine, Serotype 3, Live Marek's Disease Vector Brand name: Vaxxitek HVT+IBD	Marek's Disease virus serotype 3	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Frozen vaccine Presentation: 2000 & 4000 doses	This vaccine is recommended for use in healthy one-day- old chickens and healthy 18 to 19 day old chicken embryos as an aid in the prevention of Marek's Disease and infectious Bursal disease.	
10	IMP-03/2011	Product name:Infectious Coryza- Haemophilus paragallinarum, aluminium hydroxide gel, killed vaccine Brand name: Volvac AC Plus Bacterin		Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form-Liquid injection by SC route	and infectious Bursal disease. For the immunization of Healthy chickens against infectious Avian Coryza.	
11	IMP-36/2011	Product name:Infectious Coryza- Haemophilus paragallinarum, oil in water emulsion vaccine Brand name: Volvac AC Plus Emul. Bacterin	Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype A, Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype B, Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype C	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form-Liquid injection by SC route	Recommended for the immunization of healthy chickens against Infectious Avian Coryza.	
12	IMP-1013/10	Product name:Infectious Coryza and Newcastle Disease, killed / Inactivated vaccine Brand name: Volvac AC+ND KV	Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype A	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form-Liquid injection by SC route	Recommended for the immunization of healthy chickens against Infectious Avian Coryza (AC) and Newcastle Disease (ND	
13	IMP-01/2011	Product name:Infectious Coryza, Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bronchitis, killed vaccine Brand name: Volvac AC+ND+IB KV	Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype A, Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype B, Avibacterium (Haemophilus) paragallinarum serotype B, Comparagallinarum serotype B	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form-Liquid injection by SC route	Recommended for the immunization of healthy chickens against Infectious Avian Coryza (AC), Newcastle Disease (ND) and Infectious Bronchitis (IB).	
14	IMP-167/2013	Product name:Combined Infectious Avian Encephalomyelitis and Fowl Pox Vaccine, Live Freeze dried Brand name: Volvac AE+FP MLV	Avian Encephalomyelitis, Calnek strain, Fowl Pox, Homologous virus strain,	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage Form-Freze dried vaccine when reconstituted with sterile dilunet for wing web step route of administration. Presenattion: 10 ml of 1000 doses	For the first vaccination of healthy replacement pullets of layers and breeders of 10 weeks of age or older which are not in production, as an aid of prevention of Avian Encephalomyelitis and Fowl Pox.	
15	IMP-06/2011	Product name:Newcastle Disease concentrate killed vaccine Brand name: Volvac ND Conc. KV	Newcastle Disease virus, LaSota strain,	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form-Liquid injection by SC route Presentation: 500 ml/2500 ds	immunization of one day old or older healthy chickens against Newcastle Disease (ND).	
16	IMP-1006/10	Product name-Newcastle Disease-LaSota Strain, modified liev vaccine Brand name-Volvac ND Lasota MLV	Newcastle disease virus, LaSota strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage Form-Freeze dried live vaccine for eye drop administratin in driunking water Presentation: 1000 & 2000 doses eye drop administratin of 2,0000 doses for administration in drinking water Presentation: 10 x1000 doses 10 x 2000 doses 5 x 10000 doses	In the prevention of Newcastle Disease in healthy chickens of any age.	
17	IMP-34/2012	Product name:Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bronchitis disease, killed virus vaccine Brand name: Volvac ND+IB KV	Newcastle disease virus, LaSota strain, Infectious Brinchitis Mass strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Liquied injection to be administered 0.5 ml per bird SC in the back, middle thrid of the neck. Presentation: 500 ml - 1000 doses Lasota	For immunization of healthy birds as an aid in the prevention and control of Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bronchitis.	
18	IMP-62/2015	Product name:Leptospira Canicola Gripotophosa Icterohaemorrhagiae Pomona Baterin vaccine Brand name: Recombitek 4 Lepto	Leptosipra Canicola, Leptosipra Grippotyphosa, Leptosipra icterohaemorrhagiae, and Leptosipra Pomona (LCGIP)	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Liquid suspension in a vial for SC route of admistration Presenattaion: 1 ml	The vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy dogs 5 weeks of age and older for the prevention of Leptospirosis and Leptospiruria caused by Leptospira canicola, Leptopotyphosa and L. icterohaemorrhagiae and as an aid in the prevention of Leptospirosis and leptospiruria caused by	
19	IMP-41/2021	Product name:Canine Distemper Adenovirus Parvovirus vaccine, Modified Live Virus, Canarypox Vector Brand name: Recombitek C3	Canarypox / Canine Distemper virus Rentschler/ Onderstepoort strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Freeze dried live vaccine for SC and IM use after reconstitution with sterile dilunet water Presenattion: 1 ml	Indications: Recommended for the vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age and older for prevention of disease due to Canine Distemper virus, Canine Parvovirus, Canine Distemper virus, Canine Parvovirus, Canine Adenovirus type 1 and Canine Adenovirus type 2.	
20	IMP-47/2021	Product name-Canine Distemper Adenovirus type 2 Parainfluenza Parvovirus vaccine, Modified live virus, Canarypox vector Brand name: Recombitek C4	Canarypox / Canine Distemper virus Rentschler/ Onderstepoort strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	ml	Recommended for the vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age and older for prevention of disease due to Canine Distemper virus, Canine Adenovirus, Canine Parayovirus and Canine Parainfluenza virus.	
21	IMP-50/2021	Product name:Canine Distemper Adenovirus type 2 Parainfluenza Parvovirus vaccine, Modified live virus, Canarypox vector, Leptospira Bacterin Brand name: Recombitek C6	Canaryox / Canine Distemper virus Rentschler/ Onderstepoort strain	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Freeze dried live vaccine Presenattion: 1 ml	Recommended for the vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age and older for prevention of disease due to Canine Distemper virus, Canine Parvovirus, Canine Adenovirus, Canine Parainfluenza virus, and the bacteria L canicola and L icterohaemorrhagiae.	

1	22		IMP-52/2021	type 2- Corona virus- Parainfluenza Parvovirus vaccine, Modified live virus, Canarypox vector, Leptospira ictero. Bacterin Brand name: Recombitek C6 CV	Canine Distemper, Canarypox Vector, Canine Adenovirus Type 2, Canine Coronavirus, Canine Parainfluenza & Canine Paravovirus		Dosage form: Freeze dried live vaccine Presenation: 1 ml	Recommended for the vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age and older for prevention of disease due to Canine Distemper virus, Canine Parvovirus, Canine Coronavirus, Canine Parainfluenza virus, and the bacteria L. canicola and L. icterohaemorrhagiae	
ľ	23		IMP-163/2015	Inactivated, IP Brand name: Haemovax	Haemophilus paragallinarum, type C	Boehringer Ingelheim	-	Active immunization of pullets, future layers and future breeders, against infectious coryza (avian haemophilosis).	
ľ	24		IMP-104/2015	Product Name: Mycoplasma Gallisepticum Inactivated Bacterin Vaccine Brand name: Mgvax		Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage form: Water-in-oil emulsion for injection. Presenation: 1000 doses	Active immunization of healthy breeding and laying stock against Mycoplasma gallisepticum infection	
1	25		IMP-35/2012	Product name:Porcine Circovirus Vaccine Type 2, Killed Baculovirus Vector Brand name:Cercoflex	NA .	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage Form: Liquid Injection Presentation: 10 ml & 50 ml	Vaccination of healthy, susceptible pigs 3 weeks of age or older as an aid in the prevention of lymphoid depletion, inflammation and colonization of lymphoid tissue associated with Porcine Circovirus Type 2 (PCV2).	i
1	26		IMP-194/2015	Product name:Mycoplasma Hyopneumoniae Bacterin, killed Brand name:Mycoflex	NA .	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage Form: Suspension for Injection Presentation: 10 ml & 50 ml	ndications: The vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy, susceptible swine 3 weeks of age or older as an aid in the reduction of enzootic pneumonia of swine caused by Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae. Administered as a single 1ml dose.	
	27		MP-103/2011	Equine Influenza Killed Virus vaccine Brand name:Calvenza 03 EIV	NA.	Boehringer Ingelheim	Dosage Form:Liquid Injection Presentation: 20 ml	For the vaccination of healthy, susceptible horses fo months of age or older, including pregnant mares, as an aid in the reduction of respiratory diseases.	
5		Name of the importer/ manufacturer with address				Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
1	- 1	Venkateshwara Hatcheries Pvt. Ltd. (Ventri Biologicals, Vaccine Division) Plot No. 20, International Biotech Park,				Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Encephalomyelitis infection	
ľ	2		MF-240/2015	Inactivated (Nephropathic strain)		Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Infectious Bronchitis (Nephropathic) infection	
3	3		MF-03/2013	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated IP		M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Infectious Bronchitis infection	1
4	4		MF-45/2014	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live Massachusetts H120 Strain IP	Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral live vaccine Presentation: 200, 500, 1000, 2000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Infectious Bronchitis infection	
	5		MF-188/2016	,	and NH strains	IB Mass - M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA and IB Nephro - Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Infectious Bronchitis infection	
6	6		MF-180/2014	Massachusetts Strain IP		M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, and USA	Dosage Form: Viral live vaccine Presentation: 200, 500, 1000, 2000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Infectious Bronchitis infection	
-	7		MF-159/2013	Avian REO Virus Vaccine, Inactivated	REO virus Tenosynovitis and Proventriculitis strain	Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Reo Virus infection	
8	8		MF-54/2013	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 100. 500 ml packs	Prevention & Control of Avian Spirochaetosis infection	
9	9		MF-158/2013	Inactivated, IP	Chicken Infectious Anaemia virus VH/CAP/02 strain		Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Chicken Infectious Anaemia infection	
	10		MF-120/2014	Bursal Disease And Avian Reo Virus Vaccine, Inactivated	Massachusetts M41 strain, Intermediate Plus strain and REO virus Tenosynovitis and Proventriculitis strain	ND, IB & IBD - M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA Reo - Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Combined Ranikhet Disease (Newcastle Disease), Avian Infectious Bronchitis, Infectious Bursal Diseaseand Avian reo virus infections	
1	11		MF-47/2013	Fowl Cholera and Infectious Coryza Vaccine, Inactivated	Pasteurella multocida (Serotype T1 & T4) and Avibacterium paragallinarum (Serotype A,B &C)	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 500, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Fowl Cholera and Infectious Coryza infections	
1	12		MF-45/2013	Fowl Cholera Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Pasteurella multocida (Serotype T1 & T4)	Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 400. 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Fowl Cholera infection	
1	13		MF-01/2013	Inclusion Body Hepatitis (IBH)/ Hydropericardium Syndrome (HPS) Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Hydropericardium Syndrome FAdV-4 strain	Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, and 500 ml packs	Prevention & Control of Inclusion Body Hepatitis infection	
1	14		MF-02/2013	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Intermediate Plus strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Infectious Bursal Disease infection	
1	15		MF-20/2013	Infectious Coryza Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Avibacterium paragallinarum (Serotype A, B & C)	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Infectious Coryza infection	
	16		MF-19/2013	Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Inactivated (Ranikhet Disease) IP		M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 100, 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
	17		MF-219/2016			ND, IB Mass - M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA and IB Nephro - Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease, Avian Infectious Bronchitis (Massachusetts and Nephropathic) infections	

18		MF-21/2013	Newcastle Disease and Inclusion Body Hepatitis Vaccine, Inactivated	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain and Hydropericardium Syndrome FAdV-4 strain	ND - M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA IBH - Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease and Inclusion Body Hepatitis infections	
19		MF-04/2013	Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain and Massachusetts M41 strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease, Avian Infectious Bronchitis infections	
20		MF-15/2013	Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Inactivated	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain and Intermediate Plus strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 200, 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bursal Disease infections	
21		MF-122/2014	Ranikhet Disease (Newcastle Disease) Lentogenic (B1 Strain) And Avian Infectious Bronchitis (Massachusetts H120 Strain) Vaccine. Live	Newcastle Disease Lentogenic B1 Strain and Infectious Bronchitis Massachusetts H120 Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 500 and 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease infections	
22		MF-121/2014	Newcastle Disease Lentogenic (LaSota) Strain And Avian Infectious Bronchitis (Massachusetts Strain) Vaccine, Live	Newcastle Disease Lentogenic LaSota Strain and Massachusetts Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 500 and 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease infections	
23		MF-47/2014	Ranikhet Disease (Newcastle Disease) Vaccine, Live Lentogenic (B1 Strain) IP	Newcastle Disease Lentogenic B1 Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
24		MF-46/2014	Ranikhet Disease (Newcastle Disease) Vaccine, Live Lentogenic (LaSota) Strain IP	Newcastle Disease Lentogenic LaSota Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 10000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
25		MF-119/2014	Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Live Mesogenic (R2B Strain)	Newcastle Disease Mesogenic R2B Strain	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Barilley, U.P.	in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 100, 200, 400 and 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
26		MF-46/2013	Newcastle Disease, Infectious Bronchitis and Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Inactivated	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain, Massachusetts M41 strain and Intermediate Plus strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 500, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease , Infectious Bronchitis and Infectious Bursal Disease infections	
27			Salmonella Pullorum Coloured Antigen IP	Salmonella pullorum	Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Diagnostic antigen Presentation: 2000 test doses packs	Invitro Daignosis of salmonellosis infection in birds	
28		MF-55/2013	Salmonella Polyvalent Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Salmonella typhimurium, Salmonella Enteritidis and Salmonella Gallinarum	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 400, 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Salmonella Infection	
29		MF-94/2017	Fowl Cholera Vaccine, Inactivated (T1, T3 and T4 Serotypes) IP	Pasteurella multocida (Serotype T1, T3 & T4)	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Fowl Cholera infection	
30		MF-132/2017	Infectious Coryza Vaccine, Inactivated (A, B, C2 and C3 Serotypes) IP	Avibacterium paragallinarum (Serotype A, B, C2 & C3)	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Infectious Coryza infection	
31		MF-19/2013	Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Inactivated (Ranikhet Disease) IP, Oil emulsion	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses in 200 ml packs	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
32		MF-178/2017	Newcastle Disease Vaccine Live Master Clone (NDV) Strain	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 500, 1000, 2000, 5000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
33		MF-36/2016	Fowl Cholera (T1, T3 and T4 Serotypes) and Infectious Coryza (A, B, C2 and C3 Serotypes) Vaccine. Inactivated	Pasteurella multocida (Serotype T1, T3 & T4) and Avibacterium paragallinarum (Serotype A. B. C2 & C3)	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Fowl Cholera and Infectious Coryza infections	
34		MF-37/2016	Mycoplasma gallisepticum Vaccine, Inactivated	Mycoplasma Gallisepticum	PDRC Mycoplasma Laboratory, Athens, GA, USA	Dosage Form: Bacterial Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Mycoplasma Gallisepticum Infection	
35		MF-63/2019	Avian Encephalomyelitis and Inclusion Body Hepatitis (IBH)/ Hydropericardium Syndrome (HPS) Vaccine. Inactivated	Avian Encephalomyelitis SVR strain and Hydropericardium Syndrome FAdV-4 strain	Local Indian strains isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 1000 doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Encephalomyelitis and Inclusion Body Hepatitis infections	
36		MF-19/2013	Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Newcastle Disease LaSota Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories Inc, USA	Dosage Form: Viral Inactivated vaccine Presentation: 2000 doses in 200 ml packs	Prevention & Control of Newcastle Disease infection	
37		MF-12/2020	Avian REO Virus Vaccine, Live IP	Avian REO virus Tenosynovitis strain	Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Avian Reo Virus infection.	
38		MF-13/2020	Chicken Infectious Anaemia Vaccine, Live IP	Chicken Infectious Anaemia virus VH/CAP/02 strain	Local Indian strain isolated by PDRC	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Chicken Infectious Anaemia infection	
1	Venkateshwara Hatcheries Pvt. Ltd. (Ventri Biologicals, Vaccine Division) Gat No. 56, 57 & 58, Malkhed, Tal Haveli, Dist Pune.	MF-47/2015	Fowl Pox Vaccine, Live, IP	Fowl Pox Virus Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 100, 200, 500 and 1000	Prevention & Control of Fowl Pox Infection	
2	- San Turci	MF-57/2015	Fowl Pox Vaccine, Live, IP (Pigeon Pox)	Pigeon Pox Virus Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 200, 500 and 1000 Doses.	Prevention & Control of Pigeon Pox Infection	
3		MF-10/2015	Infectious Avian Encephalomyelitis (Epidemic Tremor) Vaccine, Live, IP	Calnek strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 500 and 1000 Doses.	Prevention & Control of Infectious Avian Encephalomyelitis (Epidemic Tremor) Infection	
4		MF-48/2015	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine (Intermediate Plus Type), Live IP	Intermediate Plus Type Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 100, 200, 500 1000, 2000, 5000 Doses.	Prevention & Control of Infectious Bursal Disease Infection	
5		MF-53/2015	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine (Intermediate Type), Live IP	Intermediate Type Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000 Doses.	Prevention & Control of Infectious Bursal Disease Infection	
6		MF-45/2015	Infectious Bursal Disease (Intermediate Type) and Ranikhet Disease / Newcastle Disease (Lentogenic LaSota) Vaccine, Live	LaSota Strain & Intermediate Type Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form Presentation: 500,1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Infectious Bursal Disease and Ranikhet Disease / Newcastle Disease Infection	

7		MF-51/2015	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, (Serotype 2) IP	Serotype 2 (SB1 Strain)	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine, cell associated presented in frozen form Presentation: 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Marek's Disease Infection
8		MF-44/2015	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, (Serotype 3 and 1) IP	HVT Strain & Rispen CVI 988 Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine, combined cell associated presented in frozen form	Prevention & Control of Marek's Disease Infection
9		MF-52/2015	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, (Serotype 3 and 2) IP	HVT Strain & SB1 Strain	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Presentation: 1000 Doses Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine, combined cell associated presented in frozen form	Prevention & Control of Marek's Disease Infection
10		MF-49/2015	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, (Serotype 1) IP	Serotype 1 (Rispen Strain)	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Presentation: 1000 Doses Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine ,cell associated presented in frozen form Presentation: 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Marek's Disease Infection
11		MF-50/2015	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, (Serotype 3) IP	Serotype 3 (HVT Strain)	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine,cell associated presented in frozen form Presentation: 500, 1000, 2000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Marek's Disease Infection
12		MF-54/2015	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, (Serotype 3) IP	Serotype 3 (HVT Strain)	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented as live Frozen vaccine Presentation: 1000 Doses	Prevention & Control of Marek's Disease Infection
13		MF-136/2019	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live, Master Plus Clone IP	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine Virus (Master Plus Clone-Clone of IBDV Intermediate Plus strain)	M/S Tri-Bio Laboratories, Inc, USA.	Dosage Form: Live viral vaccine presented in freeze dried pellet form. Presentation: 100, 200, 500 1000, 2000, 5000 Doses.	Prevention & Control of Infectious Bursal Disease Infection
S. I	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	Remarks (if any)
1	Jamortes: Importes: HIPRA INDIA PVT LTD. GR FL, GALA NO. 2, BLDG NO. 5, REALITY WAREHOUSHIG PVT. LTD. M.NO. 1/0361, GAT NO. 1337/1, WAGHOU, TAL. HAV, PUNE INDIA Manufacturer: Laboratorios HIPRA, S.A. Avds. la Selva, 135 17170 Amer (Girona) Spain		Avian Salmonella Vaccine Inactivated IP (AVISAN SECURE)	inactivated Salmonella enteritidis PT4; Inactivated Salmonella typhimurium DT104	Emulsion for intramuscular route Presentation: 1000 doses	For active immunisation against Saimonella entertitidis and Saimonella typhimurium in future layer and breeder chicks, for reducing the infection of internal organs by said microorganisms, as well ast the reduction of intestinal colonisation and of faccal excretion and reduction of vertical transmission through ovaries. Duration of the immunity: As of 28-33 weeks after the second vaccination (when brids are 45-50 weeks of age) a reduction of the invasion of internal organs, and of intestinal colonisation, and of lesions and symptoms was observed (in the case of S. typhimurium) as was a reduction of vertical s was a reduction of vertical s was a reduction of vertical	
2		SW-13-19	Avian Infectious Coryza, Inactivated Vaccine LP. (CORIPRAVAC)	Inactivated Avibacterium paragallinarum: serotype A, B and C	Emulsion for intramuscular route Presentation: 1000 doses	To prevent infectious Coryza	
3		SW-13-19	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live I.P. (CH/90 Live Cloned Vaccine) (HIPRAGUMBORC C/H 80)	Live Infectious Bursal Disease Virus, Clone CH/80	Lyophilisate for suspension, for oculonasal, drinking water or spray route Presentation: 200, 1000 and 10 000doses	Protection against Gumboro disease in broilers, hens and chicks intended for later use as layers and breeders	

5		SVV-13-19	Ranikhet Disease Vaccine , Live I.P (HPRAVIAR CLON) Combined Ranikhet Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine Live (HIPRAVIAR CLON H/120)	Live Newcastle Disease Virus, clone CL/79 Live Newcastle Disease Virus, CL/79 clon Live Infectious Bronchitis Virus, strain H-120	Freeze dried vaccine with oculonasal, spray or oral route of administred by drinking water Presentation: 1000, 2500 and 5000doses Freeze dried vaccine with oculonasal, spray or oral route of administred by drinking water Presentation: 1000 and 2500doses	hens and chicks intended for later use as a layers and breeders for preventing Newcastle disease		
6		SW-13-19	Live Attenuated Vaccine against Avian Coccidiosis (EVALON)	Elmeria acervulina Elmeria brunetti Elmeria maxima Elmeria necatrix Elmeria tenella	Oral suspension and solution Presentations: 1000ds, 5000ds and 10 000ds	For active immunisation of chicks to reduce clinical signs), intestinal lesions and oocysts output of Coccidiosis caused by Eimeria accrulina, Eimeria hunetti, Eimeria amacrulina, Eimeria hunetti, Omesto di mununity: 3 weeks postvaccination. Duration of immunity: 60 weeks postvaccination		
Srivo	Company Name	Vaccine Type	Strain	Species		Date of approval	Specific Condition with approval	
1	M/s Hipra India pvt ltd	Avian Salmonella Vaccine Inactivated IP (AVISAN SECURE)	Inactivated Salmonella enteritidis PT4; Inactivated Salmonella typhimurium DT104. Oil-based adjuvant)	Poultry (Chickens,Breeders& Layers)		06-05-2019		
2		Vaccine I.P. (CORIPRAVAC)	Inactivated Airbocteriumporagallinorum: A serotype, 1753 strain; B serotype, 1755 strain and C serotype,1756 strain. Oil-based adjuvant.	Poultry (Chickens, Breeders & Layers)		06-05-2019		
3		Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live I.P. (CHAS Live Cloned Vaccine) (HIPRAGUMBORO C/H 80)				06-05-2019		
3		(HIPRAGUMBORO C/H 80)	Attenuated live Gumboro disease virus, CH80 clon: 103,5-106,5 TCID50			06-05-2019		
4		Ranikhet Disease Vaccine , Live I.P (HIPRAVIAR CLON)	Attenuated live Newcastle disease virus, CL/79 clon: 106,5- 107,7 EID50	Poultry (Chickens, Breeders & Layers)		06-05-2019		

			I		I	T		
5		Combined Ranikhet Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine Live (HIPRAVIAR CLON H/120)	Attenuated live Newcastle disease virus, CL/79 clon ≥ 106,5 EID50 Attenuated live infectious bronchitis virus, H120 strain ≥ 103 EID50	Poultry (Chickens, Breeders & Layers)		06-05-2019		
6		Live Attenuated Vaccine against Avian Coccidiosis (EVALON)	Attenuated Eimeriaacervulina Attenuated Eimeria Brunetti Attenuated Eimeria Maxima Attenuated Eimeria Maxima Attenuated EimeriaTenella	Poultry (Chickens, Breeders & Layers)		27-05-2020		
	lame of the importer/manufacturer with ddress	Permission No.	Name of the Veterinary Vaccine	Strain	Source of the strain	Dosage form	Indication approved (If any)	Date of Approval
ar	ester Biosciences Limited (Survey no. 1972 nd 1973, Village - Merda-Adraj, Tal-Kadi, isit - Mehsana - 382721	G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (81 Strain)	B1 Strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality (clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle disease. It is recommended for both initial vaccination and re vaccination.	Sep'1997
2.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. (B1 Strain)	B1 Strain (Lentogenic)	1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle disease. It is recommended for both initial vaccination	Sep'1997
3.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (LaSota strain)	LaSota Strain	1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle disease	Sep'1997
4.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. LaSota strain (Lentogenic)	LaSota Strain (Lentogenic)	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle	Jan'2000
5.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (R2B strain)	R2B strain	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle disease.	Jan'2000
6.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. R2B strain (Mesogenic)	R2B strain (Mesogenic)	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle disease.	Sep'1997
7.		G/28-D/1016	FOWL POX VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (Fowl Pox strain)	Fowl Pox strain	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Fowl Pox virus.	Sep'1997
8.		G/28-D/1016	FOWL POX VACCINE, Live I.P. (Fowl Pox strain)	Fowl Pox strain	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Fowl Pox virus.	Sep'1997
9.		G/28-D/1016	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (Mild Mass. Type strain)	Mild Mass. Type strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, U.S.A., 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent infection against Avian Infectious Bronchitis virus.	Sep'1997
10.		G/28-D/1016	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, Live I.P. (Mild Mass. Type strain)	Mild Mass. Type strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, U.S.A., 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent infection against Avian Infectious Bronchitis virus.	Jan'2000
11.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE & AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (LaSota & Mass. Type strain)	LaSota & Mass. Type strain	1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Newcastle Disease & Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease.	Sep' 1997
12.		G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE & AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (B1 & Mild Mass. Type strains)	B1 & Mild Mass. Type strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality, clinical signs and /or lesions of the disease and preventinfection against Avian Infectious Bronchitis and Newcastle Disease.	Sep' 1997

13.	G	5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (Intermediate strain)	Intermediate strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against infectious Bursal Disease.	Sep' 1996
14.		5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. (Intermediate strain)	Intermediate strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against infectious Bursal Disease.	Sep' 1996
15.		5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (Intermediate Invasive strain)	Intermediate Invasive strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Infectious Bursal Disease.	Sep'2003
16.		5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. (Intermediate Invasive strain)	Intermediate Invasive strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Infectious Bursal Disease.	Sep'2003
17.	G	5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (Mild strain)	Mild strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Infectious Bursal Disease	Sep'2003
18.	G	5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. (Mild strain)	Mild strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infection against Infectious Bursal Disease	Sep'2003
19.	G	5/28-D/1016	MAREK'S DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (HVT FC126 strain)	HVT FC126 strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality, clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infertion. against. Marek's Disease	Sep' 1997
20.		5/28-D/1016	MAREK'S DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. (HVT FC126 strain)	HVT FC126 strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Lyophilized Live Vaccine	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species to prevent mortality, clinical signs and/or lesions of the disease and prevent infertion against Marek's Disease	Sep' 1997
21.		5/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet (LaSota strain)		Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus.	Sep'2003
22.		5/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (LaSota strain)		Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus.	Sep'2003
23.		5/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED (FOR PULLET) (LaSota strain)		Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus.	Jan'2000
24.		5/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED (FOR BABY CHICK) (LaSota strain)		Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease.	Jan'2000
25.		5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Standard Type 1 strain)	Standard Type 1 strain	1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through transfer of circulating antibodies from the progeny to offenzing.	Jan'2000
26.	G	5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (Standard Type 1 strain)	Standard Type 1 strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through transfer of circulating antibodies from the progeny to offscripe.	Jan'2000
27.	G	5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland strains)	Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	Jan'2000
28.	G	5/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P (Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland strains)	Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	Sep' 1996
29.	G	5/28-D/1016	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Mass. Type strain)	Mass. Type strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of Infectious Bronchitis Virus.	Sep' 1996
30.		5/28-D/1016	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P (Mass. Type strain)	Mass. Type strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of Infectious Bronchitis Virus.	Jan'2000
31.	G	5/28-D/1016	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Mass. & Ark. Type strains)	Mass. & Ark. Type strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of Infectious Bronchitis virus.	Sep' 1997

32.	G/28-D/1016	AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P (Mass. & Ark. Type strains)	Mass. & Ark. Type strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of	Jan'2000
33.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE AND NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1 and LaSota strains)	Standard Type 1 and LaSota strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	Infectious Bronchitis virus. The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for, Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus &, Protection of the chicks against early infection with IRD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	Sep'2003
34.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE AND NEWCASTLE DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland and LaSota strains)	Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland and LaSota strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus & Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	Jan'2000
35.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE, NEWCASTLE DISEASE, AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS AND EGG DROP SYNDROME'76 (ADENOVIRUS) VACCINE, INACTIVATED	Standard Type 1; LaSota; Mass. Type and Adenovirus 76 Type strains	Std. type, Lasota, Mass: Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996. Adenovirus: Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Barell, U.P., India, 1996	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drog caused by the Massachusetts serotype of infectious Bronchitis virus. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus. Protection against egg drop caused by Egg Drop Syndrome virus. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	Sep' 1997
36.	G/28-D/1016	AVIAN REOVIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (S1133 & 1733 strains)	S1133 & 1733 strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization to provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis	Sep'2003
37.	G/28-D/1016	REOVIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (\$1133 & 1733 strains)	S1133 & 1733 strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization to provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis.	Export NOC
38.	G/28-D/1016	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3 & 4)	Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3 & 4	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens and turkeys against Fowl Cholera through the critical early period of production when fowl cholera usually strikes.	Sep' 1997
39.	G/28-D/1016	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3 & 4)	Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3 & 4	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens and turkeys against Fowl Cholera through the critical early period of production when fowl cholera usually strikes.	08/07/2013
40.	DCGI Letter no. x 11031/10/03-D	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Pasteurella multocida Serovar 3 & x4)	Pasteurella multocida Serovar 3 x 4	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens and turkeys against Fowl Cholera through the critical early period of production when fowl cholera usually strikes	08/07/2013
41.	DCGI Letter no. x 11031/10/03-D	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (Pasteurella multocida Serovar 3 x 4)	Pasteurella multocida Serovar 3 x 4	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens and turkeys against Fowl Cholera through the critical early period of production when fowl cholera usually strikes	05/08/2014
42.	DCGI Letter no. x 11031/10/03-D	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3, 4 & 3X4)	Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3, 4 & 3X4	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens and turkeys against Fowl Cholera through the critical early period of production when fowl cholera usually strikes.	05/08/2014
43.	DCGI Letter no. x 11031/10/03-D	FOWL CHOLERA VACCINE, INACTIVATED L.P. (Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3, 4 & 3X4)	Pasteurella multocida Serovars 1, 3, 4 & 3X4	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens and turkeys against Fowl Cholera through the critical early period of production when fowl cholera usually strikes.	10/11/2014
44.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS CORYZA VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A & C)	Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A & C	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens against Infectious Coryza in the areas having high incidence of coryza outbreaks.	10/11/2014
45.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS CORYZA VACCINE, INACTIVATED L.P. (Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A & C)	Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A & C	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens against infectious Coryza in the areas having high incidence of coryza outbreaks	10/11/2014
46.	DCGI Letter no. x 11031/10/03-D	INFECTIOUS CORYZA VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A, B & C)	Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A, B & C	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens against Infectious Coryza in the areas having high incidence of coryza outbreaks	10/11/2014
47.	DCGI Letter no. x 11031/10/03-D	INFECTIOUS CORYZA VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A, B & C)	Haemophilus paragallinarum Serotypes A, B & C	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection of the chickens against infectious Coryza in the areas having high incidence of coryza nuthreaks	10/07/2015

48.	G/28-0/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE, NEWCASTLE DISEASE, AVAIN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS AND REO VIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1; LaSota; Mass. Type and S1133 & 1733 strains)		Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: 1. Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Mass. serotype and Ark. type of Infectious Bronchitis virus, 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newstate Dieses evince, 3. To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis., 4. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	10/07/2015
49.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE, NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND AVIAN REOVIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1; LaSota and \$1133 & 1733 strains)	Standard Type 1; LaSota and S1133 & 1733 strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for:, 1. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus, 2. Early Protection of the progeny through maternal antibodies against Avian Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis, 3. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the proseque to offscription.	10/07/2015
50.	G/28-0/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE, NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND BORD SYNDROMET'S (ADENOVIRUS) VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1; LaSota and Adenovirus 76 Type strains)	Standard Type 1; LaSota and Adenovirus 76 Type strains	Standard, Lasota-Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996. Adenovirus: Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Barell, U.P., India, 1996	Emulsion for Injection	IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring. The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus. Protection against egg drop caused by Egg Drop Syndrome virus., Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny	21/08/2015
51.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE AND AVIAN RECOVERUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1 and S1133 & 1733 strains)	Standard Type 1 and S1133 & 1733 strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.		The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	21/08/2015
52.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE AND REOWING VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1 and S1133 & 1733 strains)	Standard Type 1 and S1133 & 1733 strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against. Recovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBO virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	21/08/2015
53.	G/28-D/1016	EGG DROP SYNDROME'76 (ADENOVIRUS) VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. Vet. (Adenovirus 76 Type strain)	Adenovirus 76 Type strain	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection against egg drop caused by EDS virus.	21/08/2015
54.	G/28-D/1016	EGG DROP SYNDROME'76 (ADENOVIRUS) VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (Adenovirus 76 Type strain)	Adenovirus 76 Type strain	Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for protection against egg drop caused by EDS virus.	28/04/2010
55.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE, NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND AVAIN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1; LaSota and Mass. Type strains)	Standard Type 1; LaSota and Mass. Type strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for 1. Beduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of infectious Bronchitis virus, 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newsettle Disease virus, 3. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	10/11/2016
56.	G/28-D/1016	INFECTIOUS BURSAL DISEASE, NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND AVAIN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland, Lacota and Mass. & Ark. Types strains)	Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland; LisOta and Mass. & Ark. Types strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: 1. Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Mass. serotype and Ark. type of Infectious Bronchitis virus, 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newstatel Disease virus, 3. To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis, 4. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating antibodies from the progeny to offspring.	10/11/2016
57.	G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (LaSota and Mass. Type strains)	strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	,,,,,	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: Reduction of infection and prevention of legg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of Infectious Bronchits virus. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Olicease Moss	07/08/2020
58.	G/28-D/1016	NEWCASTLE DISEASE AND AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (LaSota and Mass. & Ark. Type strains)	LaSota and Mass. & Ark. Type strains	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine provides active immunization of target species for: Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Mass. and Ark. type of Infectious Bronchitis virus., Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus.	28/09/2020

Company Comp								
	59.		NEWCASTLE DISEASE, AVIAN INECETIOUS BRONCHITIS AND AVIAN REOVIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1; La5ota; Mass. Type and \$1133 & 1733 strains)	LaSota; Mass. Type and	1996.		species for: 1. Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Mass. serotype and Ark. type of Infectious Bronchits virus. 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus. 3. To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis. 4. Protection of the chicks against early infection with Blo virus through crudating antibodies	28/09/2020
March Marc		G/28-0/1016	DISSAS, AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITS AND AVIAN REOVIRUS VACCINE, INACTIVATE (Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland; Lisotot, Mass. & D64Ark. Types and \$1133 & 1733 strains)	Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland; LaSota;		Emulsion for Injection	target species for: 1. Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Mass. serotype and Ark. type of infectious Bronchits virus. , 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus. , 3. To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malaboorption syndrome and tenosynovitis. , 4. Protection of the chicks against early infection with 180 virus through	12/10/2020
SOLICIA ANNI NET CICIO SEDUCICIO SEDUCICIO DE SEDUCICIO SEDUCICI	61.		BRONCHITIS AND EGG DROP SYNDROME'76 (ADENOVIRUS) VACCINE INACTIVATED (LaSota; Mass. and	Adenovirus 76 Type strains	Maine State, USA, 1996. Adenovirus: Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareli, U.P., India, 1996	·	species for: 1. Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Massachusetts serotype of infectious Bronchitis virus, 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus, 3. Protection against egg drop caused by EDS virus.	12/11/2020
Nection (19.1.6 a. Not Findings) (19.1.6 a. No			DISEASE, AVIAN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS AND RECVIRUS VACCUES, INACTIVATED (Standard Type 1 & Variant - Delaware A & E & Maryland; LaSota; Mass. & Ark. Types and 51133 & 1733 strains)	Variant - Delaware A & E & Manyland; LaSota; Mass. & Ark. Types and S1133 & 1733 strains		Emulsion for Injection	target species for: 1. Reduction of infection and prevention of egg drop caused by the Mass. serotype and Ark. type of infectious Bronchits virus. , 2. Reduction of infection caused by Newcastle Disease virus. , 3. To provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis. , 4. Protection of the chicks against early infection with IBD virus through circulating	01/01/2017
Matheway	64.	MF-137/2013	Vet. (Frozen) (SB-1 & HVT FC126	SB-1 & HVT FC126 Strains	Medicine, USA HVT FC126:Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine	Frozen vaccine	embryonated chicken eggs & one day old chickens by subcutaneous	01/01/2017
Month Market Ma	65.	MF-137/2013	(Frozen) (SB-1 & HVT FC126	SB-1 & HVT FC126 Strains	SB-1: Cornel University, College of Veterinary Medicine, USA HVT FC126:Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine	Frozen vaccine	For In-ovo vaccination of 18 to 19 day old embryonated chicken eggs & one day old chickens by subcutaneous	01/01/2017
Minimate Disease Vaccine, Use P. Thermontable ListOs strain Maine Biological Educationies, Maine Biological Education (American Security of Security) Maine Biological Education (American) Maine Biological Education (Maine) Maine Bio			(Thermostable)	(Thermostable) (LaSota strain)	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA,	reconstituted with diluents	For vaccination against Newcastle Disease in backyard poultry at 2 weeks of age or older.	01/01/2017
Part	67.	MF-178	Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Live I.P. (Thermostable)	(Thermostable) (LaSota strain)		Foamed Glass Matrix to be reconstituted	For vaccination against Newcastle Disease in backyard poultry at 2 weeks	01/01/2017
Part	68.	MF-246	Peste Des Petits Ruminants Vaccine, Live	Sungri/96 strain		Freeze dried vaccine	For prophylactic vaccination against Peste Des Petits	01/01/2017
MF-247 Gost Pox Vaccine, Live LP, (Uttarkashi strain Uttarkashi strain Uttarka	69.	MF-246		Sungri/96 strain		Freeze dried vaccine		01/01/2017
Veterinary Research Institute MF-156	70.	MF-247		Uttarkashi strain		Freeze dried vaccine		01/01/2017
Inactivated (Alenovirus Type 4 Inactivated (Alenovirus Type 4 Inactivated (Alenovirus Type 4 Inactivated (P. (Adenovirus Type 4 strain Inactivated (P. (Adenovirus Type 4 strain) Field isolate Emulsion for Injection The vaccine is intended to be use in commercial and predefining for immunity against IBH in Poultry O1/01/2017	71.	MF-247	Goat Pox Vaccine, Live I.P. (Uttarkashi strain)	Uttarkashi strain		Freeze dried vaccine		01/01/2017
MF-156 Inclusion Body Hepatitis Vaccine, Inactivated It. P. (Adenovirus Type 4 strain Included Find Poultry Strain Included Find Solate Emulsion for Injection The vaccine is intended to be use in commercial and breeder birds for immunity against IBH in Poultry 01/01/2017	72.	MF-156	Inactivated (Adenovirus Type 4	Adenovirus Type 4 strain	Field isolate	Emulsion for Injection		01/01/2017
MF-157 Fow Typhoid Vaccine, Live Salmonella Gallinarum 9R strain (Salmonella Gallinarum 9R strain) MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated B.P. MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated B.P. MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated B.P. MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (IES2 strain) Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable MF-183/2016 Brucella abortus Vaccine, Live (S19) Signature Avian Infectious Bronchitis virus Antigen (Bulk) Not Applicable The vaccine is recommended for prophylactic vaccination	73.	MF-156	Inclusion Body Hepatitis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. (Adenovirus Type 4	Adenovirus Type 4 strain	Field isolate	Emulsion for Injection	The vaccine is intended to be use in commercial and breeder birds for immunity against IBH in Poultry	01/01/2017
MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Nactivated B.P. Vet. H52 strain H52 strain Hipra Laboratories, spain Emulsion for Injection To give protection against Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease in chickens MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, H52 strain Hipra Laboratories, spain Emulsion for Injection To give protection against Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease in chickens MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, H120 strain Veterinary Institute Zagreb, Croatia, 1973 Freeze dried vaccine To give protection against Avian Infectious Bronchitis virus in Chickens MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, H120 strain Veterinary Institute Zagreb, Croatia, 1973 Freeze dried vaccine To give protection against Infectious Bronchitis virus in Chickens MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live H120 strain Veterinary Institute Zagreb, Croatia, 1973 Freeze dried vaccine To give protection against Infectious Bronchitis virus in Chickens Not Applicable Not Applicable Liquid Bulk Not Applicable MF-183/2016 Brucella abortus Vaccine, Live S19 Strain USDA, USA Freeze dried vaccine The vaccine is recommended for prophylactic vaccination	74.	MF-157	Fowl Typhoid Vaccine, Live (Salmonella	Salmonella Gallinarum 9R strain	Field isolate	Freeze dried vaccine	For vaccination against Fowl Typhoid Disease in poultry	10-02-2015
MF-189 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vacine, Inactivated Infectious Bronchitis Vacine, Infectious	75.	MF-189	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated B.P.	H52 strain	Hipra Laboratories, spain	Emulsion for Injection		
MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Living B,P Vet. (H120 strain) MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Living B,P Vet. (H120 strain) Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable MF-183/2016 MF-183/2016 MF-183/2016 MF-183/2016 MF-180 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live (S19) Not Applicable	76.	MF-189	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine,	H52 strain	Hipra Laboratories, spain	Emulsion for Injection		
78. MF-190 Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live H120 strain Veterinary Institute Zagreb, Croatia, 1973 Freeze dried vaccine To give protection against Infectious Bronchitis virus in Chickens 79. F.No. X11026/99/10-BD Inactivated Not Applicable Not Applicable Liquid Bulk Not Applicable Infectious Bronchitis virus Antigen (Bulk) 80. MF-183/2016 Brucella abortus Vaccine, Live (S19) Strain USDA, USA Freeze dried vaccine The vaccine is recommended for prophylactic vaccination	77.	MF-190	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Living B.P. Vet.	H120 strain	Veterinary Institute Zagreb, Croatia, 1973	Freeze dried vaccine	To give protection against Infectious Bronchitis virus in	
F.No. X11026/99/10-BD Inactivated Not Applicable Not Applicable Liquid Bulk Not Applicable 80. MF-183/2016 Brucella abortus Vaccine, Live (S19) USDA, USA Freeze dried vaccine The vaccine is recommended for prophylactic vaccination	78.	MF-190	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live	H120 strain	Veterinary Institute Zagreb, Croatia, 1973	Freeze dried vaccine		
Infectious Bronchitis virus Antigen (Bulk)	79.	F.No. X11026/99/10-BD		Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Liquid Bulk		
(519) recommended for prophylactic vaccination			Infectious Bronchitis virus Antigen (Bulk)					

	81.		MF-183/2016	Brucella abortus Vaccine, Live I.P. (S19)	S19 Strain	USDA, USA	Freeze dried vaccine	The vaccine is recommended for prophylactic vaccination against Brucella abortus infection in female calves.	
İ	82.		MF-173/2020	Brucella abortus (Strain-19) Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried (519)	S19 Strain	USDA, USA	Freeze dried vaccine	For prophylactic Calf-hood vaccination against Brucella abortus S19 strain to female calves	
	83.		MF-230/2020	MAREK'S DISEASE VACCINE, Living B.P. Vet. (Frozen) (SB1 strain)	SB1 strain	Cornell University, College of Veterinary Medicine, USA.	Frozen vaccine	To be used against the Marek's Disease in day old chicks.	
	84.		MF-230/2020	MAREK'S DISEASE VACCINE, Live I.P. (Frozen) (SB1 strain)	SB1 strain	Cornell University, College of Veterinary Medicine, USA.	Frozen vaccine	To be used against the Marek's Disease in day old chicks.	-
	85.		MF-245	Infectious Avian Encephalomyelitis Vaccine, Inactivated (Van Roekel Strain)	Van Roekel Strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Emulsion for Injection	To be used in breeder hens & commercial layers to give broad protection against Avian Encephalomyelitis virus.	
	86.		MF-275/2020	Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Live Nano (LaSota Strain)	LaSota Strain	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996.	Freeze dried vaccine	To be used against Newcastle Disease in poultry.	
	87.		FDCA/MFG/AP/56464/B	Mareks Disease, Living B.P. Vet. (Frozen) (HVT FC 126 & Rispens CVI 988)	(HVT FC 126 & Rispens CVI 988)	Maine Biological Laboratories, Maine State, USA, 1996. Hester Biosciences Nepal Private Limited	Freeze dried vaccine	To be used against Marek's Diseases in one day old chicks against	
	88.		IMP-19/2016 SVV-15-20	Quadrivalent Live attenuated Coccidiosis Vaccine (Livacox Q)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Liquid formulation for oral administration	Coccidiosis prevention caused by Eimeria acervulina, Eimeria maxima, Eimeria tenella and Eimeria necatrix in breeds of domestic poultry (Gallus domesticus) kept in cages or on litter.	ı
	S. No.	Name of the manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
	1	Sanvita Biotechnologies Private Limited.Survey No. 252 & 253, Mallepally Village, Kondapur Mandal, Sangareddy District, Telangana - 502295.	01/SRD/TS/2018/V/G	I.P (vet) (Sanbru) Standard Dose I.P.	Brucella abortus S19	The Brucella abortus S19 strain Seed is obtained from IVRI, Izatnagar as part of transfer of technology of Brucella abortus Strain 19 vaccine	Lyophilized form in 5 Dose	For the active immunization of female cattle and buffalo calves against Brucella abortus infections.	
	2		01/SRD/TS/2018/V/G	Brucella abortus S19 Vaccine (Sanbru - O) Low Dose		The Brucella abortus S19 strain Seed is obtained from IVRI, Izatnagar as part of transfer of technology of Brucella abortus Strain 19 vaccine	Lyophilized form in 5 Dose, 10 Dose, 20 Dose and 50 Dose	For the active immunization of female cattle and buffaloes against Brucella abortus infections.	
	S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
	1	M/s Indovax Pvt. Ltd. Village Siswala, P.O. Rawalwas Khurd, Hissar-125001, Haryana	MF-07/2021	Fowl Pox Vaccine (Chicken Embryo), Live, I.P. Vet.	IVRI strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for Intermuscular administration after reconstitution & (500 & 1000 Doses)	Recommended for prevention against Fowl Pox infection in Chickens	
	2		MF-06/2021	Newcastle Disease (F Strain) and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Combined Vaccine, Living	F Strain of Newcastle Disease Virus and Massachusetts H120 Strain of Avian Infectious Bronchitis Virus.	IVRI, Izzat Nagar & Vineland Lab, USA	Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200, 500, 1000, 2000 Doses)	Recommended for prevention of Newcastle Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease in flocks.	
	3		MF-09/2021	Infectious Coryza Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P. Vet.	Haemophilus Paragallinarum Bacterin Containing Serotypes A, B & C	Vineland Lab, USA	Water in oil emulsion from subcutaneous or intramuscular route of administration. (1000 Doses)	Recommended for prevention of commercial layers and breesers against Avian Infectious Coryza.	ı
	4		MF-08/2021	Newcastle Disease (Lasota Strain) and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Living	Newcastle Disease Virus, Lasota Strain and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Virus, Massachusetts H120 Strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar & Vineland Lab, USA	Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200,	Recommended for prevention of Newcastle Disease and Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease in flocks.	1
							500, 1000, 2000 Doses)		
	5		MF-299/2020	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Invasive Intermediate Strain, Live, IP (Vet)	IBD Invasive Intermediate Strain (Bursa B2K) Virus	R&D Indovax	Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200,	Recommended for prevention of infectious bursal disease (Gumboro) in broiler chicks.	
,	6		MF-299/2020 MF-298/2020				Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200, 500. 1000. 2000 & 5000 Doses) Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (500,		
	6		.,,	Intermediate Strain, Live, IP (Vet) Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live, I.P.	Virus High Passage Massachusetts H120 Strain of IB		Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200, 500. 1000. 2000. 8 5000. Doses) Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (500, 1000. 2000. Doses)	disease (Gumboro) in broiler chicks. Recommended for initial vaccination of chickens for	
	5 6 7 8		MF-298/2020	Intermediate Strain, Live, IP (Vet) Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live, I.P (Vet.)	Virus High Passage Massachusetts H120 Strain of IB Virus Pasturella moltocida	Vineland Lab, USA	Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200, 500. 1000. 2000. 8 5000. Doses) Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (500, 1000. 2000. Doses)	disease (Gumboro) in broiler chicks. Recommended for initial vaccination of chickens for prevention of Infectious Bronchitis Disease. Protection of breesers and commercial birds against	
	5 6 7 8		MF-298/2020 MF-212/2016 MF-161/2016 MF-151/2016	Intermediate Strain, Live, IP (Vet) Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live, LP (Vet.) Fowl Cholera Vaccine, Inactivated Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Live (LaSota strain) Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Live, R2B Strain	High Passage Massachusetts H120 Strain of IB Virus Posturella moltocida Lasota Strain R2B Strain	Vineland Lab, USA R&D, Indovax IVRI, Izzat Nagar IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Live Vascine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/coular/pasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200, 500, 1000, 2000, 8:000 Doses). Live Vascine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/coular/pasal route of administration after reconstitution. (500, 1000, 2000 Doses). Oil emulsion from (1000 Doses) (500 mt). Freeze Dried pellet form for oral/coular/pasal route of administration after reconstitution. (100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 8:10,000 doses presentation) along with sterile dilient (3.6 mt, 7.2 mt, 18 mt, 72 mt, 8:180 mt,).	disease (Gumboro) in broiler chicks. Recommended for initial vaccination of chickens for prevention of Infectious Bronchitis Disease. Protection of breesers and commercial birds against Food Cholera. The vaccine is recommended for vaccination of chickens for prevention of Newcastle Disease at approx 2 weeks of age and above. The product in the absence of mild lentogenic strain, such as Fastian may also be given as the initial vaccination at 5-10 days of age by oculo-nasal route to chick free from Mycoplams infections. However this vaccine generally should be used after priming with strains like Fr in layers repeated vaccination should be done. The vaccine will stimulate protective antibodies in susceptible birds. However immunity resulting from the use of this vaccine is not permanent, therefore revaccinations are necessary. Vaccine is recommended for vaccination of chickens above 6 weeks of age by intramuscular or subcutaneous route for prevention of Newcastle Disease. The Vaccine is not recommended for administration earlier than the age suggested or for the birds that have not been primed earlier with Lentogenie strain. The vaccine will enhance protective antibodies in healthy birds, if administred at 6 weeks of age. It is recommended that immunity be boosted by repeating the vaccination at 16 weeks of age.	
	9		MF-298/2020 MF-212/2016 MF-161/2016	Intermediate Strain, Live, IP (Vet) Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live, I.P. (Vet.) Fowl Cholera Vaccine, Inactivated Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Live (LaSota strain)	Virus High Passage Massachusetts H120 Strain of IB Virus Pasturella maltocida Lasota Strain	Vineland Lab, USA R&D, Indovax IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Live Vascrine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/coular/pasal route of administration after reconstitution. (200, 500, 1000, 2000 & 5000 Doses) Live Vascrine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/coular/pasal route of administration after reconstitution. (500, 1000, 2000 Doses) Old emulsion from (1000 Doses (500 mt.) Freeze Dried pellet form for oral/coular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000 Doses) The proposition of the proposition of the district of the control of	disease (Gumboro) in broiler chicks. Recommended for initial vaccination of chickens for prevention of Infectious Bronchitis Disease. Protection of breesers and commercial birds against Food Cholera. The vaccine is recommended for vaccination of chickens for prevention of Newastle Disease at approx 2 weeks of age and above. The product in the absence of mild lentogenic strain, such as F strain may also be given as the initial vaccination at 5-10 days of age by oculo-nasal route to chicks free from Mycopalams infections. However this vaccine generally should be used after priming with strain like F in lavers repeated vaccination should be done. The vaccine will stimulate protective antibodies in susceptible birds. However immunity resulting from the use of this vaccine is not permanent, therefore revaccinations are necessary. Vaccine is recommended for vaccination of chickens above 6 weeks of age by intramuscular or suboutaneous route for prevention of Newcastle Disease. The Vaccine is not recommended for vaccination and the reaching agreement of the vaccine will endead the control of Newcastle Disease. The Vaccine is not recommended for vaccine will enhance protective antibodies in healthy birds, if administered a relief with Lentogenie strain. The vaccine will enhance protective antibodies in healthy birds, if administered at memory be exected and imministered at timmunity be fewers of the recommended that immunity be	

11							
	MF-232/2016	Inclusion Body Hepatitis Hydro Pericardium Syndrome, Inactivated Vaccine I.P	Adenovirus Strains	R&D, Indovax	Oil emulsion from (500, 1000 and 2500 Doses)	Protection of chicks and breesers against Inclusion Body Hepatitis/ Hydro-Pericardium Syndrome,	
12	MF-300/2020	Marek's Disease Vaccine, (Turkey Herpes Virus), Live, IP (Vet)	HVT-FC 126 Virus Strain	Vineland Lab, USA	Live Vaccine in freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal route of administration after reconstitution. (500, 1000, 2000 Doses)	Recommended for use in healthy one day old chicks for the prevention of Marek's Disease.	
13	MF-76/2017	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Intermediate Strain, Living, B.P	IBD Georgia StrainVirus	Vineland Lab, USA	Freeze Dried pellet form for oral/ocular/nasal administration after reconstitution. (100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000 and 5000 doses presentation along with starile diluent)	Vaccine is recommended for primary vaccination and revaccination of chickens for the prevention of infectious Bursal Disease (Gumboro)	
14	MF-86/2017	Newcastle Disease (Clone) Vaccine, Live (Lasota Forte) B.P	Lasota strain Clone	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Freeze Dried Vaccine (100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000 and 5000 doses.)	Vaccine is recommended for revaccination of chickens for prevention of prevention of Newcastle Disease at 2 weeks of age and above. The product in the absence of mild lentogenic strain, such as F strain may also be given as the mittal vaccination at 5-10 days of age by ouclu- nasal route to chicks free from Mycoplasma infections. However this vaccine generally should be used after priming with strains like F in layers repeated vaccination should be done.	
15	MF-254/2018	Newcastle Disease Vaccine (Lasota Strain), Inactivated (ENCIVAX)	Lasota Strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Oil Emulsified liquid vaccine inactivated (1000 doses in 500 ml)	The vaccine is recommended for protection against Newcastie Disease by boosting up the immunity of flocks previously vaccinated with the vaccines.	
16	MF-70/2011	Cell Associated (Frozen) Marek's Disease (Live), Bivalent Viral vaccine (HVT+SBI)	SB1 and HVT virus strains	Vineland Lab, USA	Frozen vaccine to be reconstituted with diluent for injection by subcutaneous route. (1000 and 2000 doses /ampou1e)	For the use at hatch in healthy one day old chickens as an aid in prevention of Marek's Disease.	
17	MF-100/2020	Salmonella Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Salmonella gallirarum and Salmonella enteritidis strains	R&D, Indovax	Oil emulsified liquid vaccine (1000 doses)	Recommended for protection of commercial layers and breeders against Fowl Typhoid Disease.	1
18	MF-124/2020	Newcastle Disease Vaccine - Mesogenic Strain, Inactivated IP (Vet)	Newcastle Disease Vaccine - Mesogenic Strain		Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	Recommended for protection against Newcastie Disease by boosting up the immunity of flocks previously vaccinated with live vaccines.	
19	regularisation	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Mild Strain, Living, B.P. Vet.	Lukert strain	Vineland Lab, USA	Freeze Dried pellet form for intramuscular or subcutaneous route administration after reconstitution.	Mild Strain IBD vaccine is used for primary vaccination and revaccination of chickens for the prevention of Infectious Bursal Disease (Gumboro). Mild vaccination is administered at 10-14 days of age by oral or oculo-nasal route and also through drinking water.	
20	Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Invasive Strain, Living, B.P. Vet.	IV95	CCS Haryana Agricultural University (Hisar)	Freeze Dried pellet form for intramuscular or subculaneous route administration after reconstitution.	This vaccine is recommended for the prevention of infectious bursal disease (Gumboro) in broiler chicks carrying high levels of maternally derived antibodies. UN95 Strain vaccine is administered at 10-14 days of age, as determined by maternal antibody analysis, by oral drop or drinking water methods of administration. IV95 Strain is indicated in situations where IBD persists even after use of other intermediate/ invasive strains. IV95 strain is capable of imparting immunity after only a single dose. However for epidemic areas 2 or 3 vaccinations are still required to achieve 100% flock immunity.	
	Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	Egg Drop Syndrome' 76 Vaccine, Inactivated B.P. Vet.	EDS 127 Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar	Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	This product is manufactured from a killed EDS 76 antigenic virus strain 127. It is used for the prevention of egg drop syndrome caused by an adenovirus, the causal agent of EDS 76 in chickens. Vaccination should be done when the birds are 14 weeks of age to the point of lay.	
21						when the birds are 14 weeks of age to the point of lay.	ı
21	Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, B.P. Vet.	Georgia Strain	Vineland Lab, USA	Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	when the onto are 24 weeks or age to the point or lay. This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay 18-22 weeks) and the middle of laying cycle (40-45 weeks) are recommended.	
22	regularisation Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	B.P. Vet. Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated, B.P. Vet.	High passaged Massachusetts Type Strain	Vineland Lab, USA	Doses) Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay (18-22 weeks) and the middle of laying cycle (40-45 weeks) are recommended. This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bronchitis Virus Vaccine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay (16-18 weeks) and the middle of laying cycle (40-45 weeks) are recommended.	
22 23 24	Regularisation Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	B.P. Vet. Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated, B.P. Vet. Reo vaccine, Inactivated B.P. Vet.	High passaged Massachusetts Type Strain	Vineland Lab, USA Vineland Lab, USA	Doses) Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses) Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay (18-22 weeks) and the middle of laying cycle (40-45 weeks) are recommended. This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bronchitis Virus Vaccine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay (16-18 weeks) are recommended. The vaccine is recommended for the immunization of breeding stock & offspring against Avian Reo virus.	
22	Regularisation Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for Regularisation	B.P. Vet. Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated, B.P. Vet. Reo vaccine, Inactivated B.P. Vet.	High passaged Massachusetts Type Strain	Vineland Lab, USA	Doses) Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses) Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Poses)	This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bursal Disease Varcine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay (18-22 weeks) and the middle of laying cycle (40-45 weeks) are recommended. This product is manufactured from an inactivated infectious Bronchitis Virus Vaccine Strain. The vaccine is used to boost the immunity of the vaccinated flocks. For best results, two vaccinations, at or before point of lay (16-18 weeks) are recommended. The vaccine is recommended.	

26		regularisation	Newcastle Disease, Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, I. P. Vet.		IVRI, Izatnagar &Vineland Lab, USA	Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	Manufactured from inactivated viral bulk preparations of Newcastle disease and infectious Bursal Disease vaccine strains. It is presented as a stable, water in oil preparation. Polyvax(NG) is used to boost the immunity of birds already vaccinated with appropriate ND and IBD live vaccines. Polyvax(NG) can be used advantageously for both commercial as well as breeder flocks. The vaccine should be given 2-4 weeks before expected onset of lay L16-20 weeks of age) in previously primed birds. A booster dose may be given mid-lay (40-45 weeks) for desired protection against ND & IBD and optimum transfer of material antibodies to progeny.
27		Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	Newcaste Disease, Infectious Bronchitis and Infectious Bursal Disease Combined Vaccine, Inactivated, I. P. Vet.	LaSota Strain, High passaged Massachusetts Type Strain and Georgia Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar &Vineland Lab, USA	Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	Manufactured from inactivated viral bulk preparations of Newcastle disease, infectious bronchitis and infectious Bursal disease vaccine strains. It is presented as stable, water in oil preparation. POLYVAX (NBG) is used to boost the immunity of birds already vaccinated with appropriate ND, IB and IBD live vaccines. POLYVAX (NBG) can be used advantageously for both commercial as well as breeder flocks. The vaccines should be given 2-4 weeks before expected onset of lay (16-20 week of age) in previously primed birds. A booster dose may be given mid-lay for desired protection against ND,IB &IBD and optimum transfer of maternal antibodies to progeny.
28		regularisation	Infectious Bursal Disease and Reo Combined Vaccine, Inactivated, I. P. Vet.	LaSota Strain, High passaged Massachusetts Type Strain and Georgia Strain and Reo strain		Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	Manufactured from inactivated viral bulk preparations of Newastle Disease, Infectious Bronchitis, Infectious Bursal Disease, Infectious Bronchitis, Infectious Bursal Disease and Avian Reo Virus strains. It is presented as stable, water in oil preparation. PCLYVAX (NBCR) is used to boost the immunity of birds already vaccines to boost the immunity of birds already vaccines shoultAX (NBGR) can be used advantageously for both commercial as well as breeder flocks. The vaccine should be given 2-4 weeks before expected onset of lay (16-20 week of age) in previously primed birds. A booster dose may be given mid-lay for desired protection against ND, IB, IBD & REO and optimum transfer of maternal antibodies to progeny.
29		Applied For Permission in FORM 44 for regularisation	Newcaste Disease, Infectious Bronchitis and Infectious Bursal Bisease and Egy Brop Syndrome'76 Combined Vaccine, Inactivated, I. P. Vet.	LaSota Strain, High passaged Massachusetts Type Strain , Georgia Strain & EDS 127 Strain	IVRI, Izatnagar &Vineland Lab, USA	Water in oil emulsion vaccine (1000 Doses)	Manufactured from inactivated viral bulk preparations of Newcastle Disease, Infectious Bronchilts, Infectious Bursal Disease and Egg Drop Syndrome vaccine strains. It is presented as stable, water in oil preparation. POLYVAX (NBGE) is used to boost the immunity of birds already vaccines to disease the properties ND, IB, IBD and EDS live vaccines, POLYVAX (NBGE) can be used advantageously for both commercial as well as breeder flocks. The vaccine should be given 2-4 weeks before expected onset of lay (16-20 week of age) in previously primed birds. A booster dose may be given mid-lay for desired protection against ND, IB, IBD & EDS and optimum transfer of maternal antibodies to progeny.
30		BULK-146/2016	Infectious Bursal Disease Bursa B2K Strain Vaccine Bulk	IBD Invasive Intermediate Strain (Bursa B2K)Virus	R&D Indovax	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediet product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
31		BULK-06/JUL/16	Fowl Pox Vaccine Bulk	IVRI strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediate product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
32		BULK-23/2016	Ranikhet Disease Lasota Strain Vaccine Bulk	Lasota Strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediate product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
33		BULK-18/2016	Ranikhet Disease F. Strain Vaccine Bulk	Newcastle Disease F Strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediate product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
34		BULK-201/2016	Infectious Bursal Disease Georgia Strain Vaccine Bulk	IBD Georgia StrainVirus	Vineland Lab, USA	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediate product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
35		BULK-59/2017	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine Bulk	High Passage Massachusetts H120 Strain of IB Virus	Vineland Lab, USA	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediate product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
36		BULK-53/2020	Newcastle Disease (R2B Strain) Vaccine Bulk, Live	R2B Strain	IVRI, Izzat Nagar	Presented in 1.0 Litre PP Bootle	This is an intermediate product which is used as raw material for the formulation of finished products.
S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentations	Indication
1	Biovet Private Limited, Plot No.308, 3rd Phase, KIADB Industrial Area, Malur, Bengaluru 563 130. Karnataka	No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Trivalent Inactivated and adjuvanted with mineral oil	Type IND A40/2000; Type IND ASIA-1 63/72 AND Type IND O R2/75.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
2		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Trivalent Inactivated and adjuvanted with aluminium hydroxide gel	AND Type IND O R2/75.		Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
3		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Monovalent 'O' Inactivated and adjuvanted with mineral oil	Type IND O R2/75.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
4		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Monovalent 'O' Inactivated and adjuvanted with aluminium hydroxide gel	Type IND O R2/75.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.

5		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Monovalent 'A' Inactivated and adjuvanted	Type IND A40/2000.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
6	_	No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	with mineral oil Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Monovalent 'A' Inactivated and adjuvanted	Type IND A40/2000.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
7	-	No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	with aluminium hydroxide gel Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Monovalent 'Asia1' Inactivated and adjuvanted	Type IND ASIA-1 63/72	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
8	-	No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	with mineral oil Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Monovalent 'Asia1' Inactivated and adjuvanted	Type IND ASIA-1 63/72	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
9		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	with aluminium hydroxide gel Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Bivalent 'O & A' Inactivated and adjuvanted with mineral oil	Type IND O R2/75 &Type IND A40/2000.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
10		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Bivalent 'O & A' Inactivated and adjuvanted with aluminium hydroxide gel	Type IND O R2/75 &Type IND A40/2000.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
11		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Bivalent 'O & Asia1' Inactivated and adjuvanted with mineral oil	Type IND O R2/75 &Type IND ASIA-1 63/72.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
12		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Bivalent 'O & Asia1' Inactivated and adjuvanted with aluminium hydroxide gel		IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
13		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Bivalent 'A & Asia1' Inactivated and adjuvanted with mineral oil	Type IND A40/2000 &Type IND ASIA-1 63/72.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for intramuscular route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
14		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	Foot and Mouth Disease Vaccine, I.P., Bivalent 'A & Asia1' Inactivated and adjuvanted with aluminium hydroxide gel	Type IND A40/2000 &Type IND ASIA-1 63/72.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 2ml, 10ml, 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization against Foot and Mouth disease in pig, calves, sheep & goats.
15		No.DCD/MFG/SR-574/13-14	FMD Antigen Bulk Contains monovalent Inactivated and concentrated Virus Antigen against 'A' or 'O' or 'Asia1' Strains	Type IND A40/2000; Type IND ASIA-1 63/72 AND Type IND O R2/75.	IVRI Mukteshwar	Not applicable	Not Applicable
16		DCD/CR-972/MFG/2011-12	Haemorrhagic SepticaemiaVaccine I.P. Oil adjuvanted	Pasturella multocida P-52	IVRI Izatanagar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route	For active immunization of animals especially cattles, buffaloes, calves, sheep and goats against <i>Pasturella multocida</i> (P52)
17		DCD/CR-972/MFG/2011-12	Blackquarter Vaccine I.P.	Clostridium chauvoei Strain 49	IVRI Izatanagar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization of animals especially cattle, buffaloes, calves against Clostridium chauvoei infection.
18		DCD/CR-972/MFG/2011-12	Enterotoxaemia Vaccine I.P.	Clostridium perfringens Type D	IVRI Izatanagar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 20ml,50ml and 100ml	For active immunization of animals especially sheep & goats against Clostridium Perfringens Type D
19		DCD/CR-972/MFG/2011-12	Fowl Cholera Vaccine I.P.	Pasturella multocida Avian -species	IVRI Izatnagar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 5ml,10ml,20ml,50ml&100 ml	For active immunization of chickens, turkeys, Ducks & Geese against <i>Pasturella multocida</i> (avian) infection
20		DCD/CR-972/MFG/2011-12	Haemorrhagic Septicaemia+ Blackquarter Vaccine	Pasturella multocida P-52 & Clostridium chauv		Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 15ml,45ml and 90ml	For active immunization of animals especially cattles, buffaloes and calves against <i>Clostridium chauvoei</i> and Psturella multocida
21		DCD/MFG/CR-307/14-15	Haemorrhagic SepticaemiaVaccine I.P. Aluminium hydroxide gel adjuvanted	Pasturella Multocida P-52	IVRI Izatanagar	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route 100 ml	For active immunization of animals especially cattles, buffaloes, calves, sheep and goats against Pasturella multocida
22		DCD/MFG/CR-251/14-15	Johne's Disease, Inactivated vaccine, Oil Adjuvanted	Mycobacterium avium sub species Paratubero		Liquid injection for intramuscular route Each 1 ml dose	For active immunization against Mycobacterium avium sub speies Paratuberculosis.
23		DCD/MFG/CR-251/14-15	Johne's Disease, Inactivated vaccine, Gel Adjuvanted	Mycobacterium avium sub species Paratubero		Liquid injection for subcutaneous route Each 1 ml dose	For active immunization against Mycobacterium avium sub speies Paratuberculosis.
24		DCD/MFG/CR-252/14-15	Bluetongue Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Bluetongue Virus serotypes 1, 2, 10, 16 and 23	TANUVAS	Liquid injection for subcutaneous route Each 2 ml dose	For active immunization against Bluetongue virus (BTV - 1, BTV-2, BTV-10, BTV-16 and BTV-23
25		DCD/MFG/CR-458/2020-21	Brucella abortus (strain 19) vaccine Live I.P.	Brucella abortus (strain 19)	IVRI Izatanagar	Freeze dried with subcutaneous route Each 2 ml dose	For active immunization of animals against brucellosis disease
Sr. No.	Name of the importer and address	Permission No. (RC No.)	Name of Vaccine	Name of Strain	Source of Strain	Dosage Form and Presentations	Indication
1	Intervet India Pvt. Ltd. Sagar Complex, Bidg B-1, Gala No. 12 to 16, Ovali Village Bhiwandi, Maharashtra Taluka: Bhiwandi-16, District: Thane 421302	SV-6	Combined Infectious Bursal Disease & Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, Water in oil emulsion. (NOBILIS G +ND)	Infectious Bursal Disease Virus * (strain D78) and Newcastle disease Virus* (strain clone 30)	Newcastle Disease virus strain Clone 30: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaSota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees. Infectious Bursal Disease strain Clone D78: the original material used for the development of Clone D78 was a virus isolated from the bursa of Fabricius of a broiler chicken.	Water in oil Emulsion 500 ml x 1000 dose	For the vaccination of chickens against disease caused by Newcastle disease virus and Infectious Bursal Disease virus
2		SV-6	Ranikhet Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P (NOBILIS ND BROILER)	Newcastle disease Virus* (strain clone 30)	Newcastle Disease virus strain Clone 30: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaSota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees.	Water in oil Emulsion 200ml x 2000 dose	For the vaccination of chickens against disease caused by Newcastle disease virus
3		5V-6	Combined Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease & Newcastle disease Vaccine, Inactivated, Water in oil emulsion (NOBILIS IB + ND)	(strain M41) and Newcastle disease Virus*	Infectious Bronchitis strain M41: the strain was originally isolated by Van Roekel at the University of Massachusetts. The Poultry Health Service, Doorn, The Netherlands provided the strain to Intervet International BV in October 1981. Newcastle Disease virus strain Clone 30: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaScha. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees.	Water in oil Emulsion 500 ml x 1000 dose	For the vaccination of chickens against disease caused by infectious Bronchitis viruses & Newcastle disease virus

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4	4	SV-6	Mycoplasma Gallisepticum Vaccine, Live, Freeze dried (NOBILIS MG 6/ 85)	Mycoplasma gallisepticum strain MG 6/85	The original strain has been isolated from the brain of a turkey with torticollis by Zander, submitted to and typed a S 6 by Adler, and eventually deposited in ATCC by Wittler. Intervet International received the strain from the Dutch Veterinary Institute as a daughter strain of the ATCC strain.	Freeze dried vaccine 1000 dose	For the active immunization of a future layers to reduce clinical signs of Mycoplasma gallisepticum infection.	
5	5	SV-6	Reo Virus Vaccine, Inactivated, LP (NOBILIS REO INAC)	Reo virus strain1733 and 2408	Reovirus strain 1733: the strain was isolated from broilers by Dr. 1 Rosenberger, University of Delaware, USA and obtained by Intervet international BV as the third passage in SPF chicken embryos. Reovirus strain 2408: the strain was isolated from broilers by Dr. 1. Rosenberger, University of Delaware, USA and obtained by Intervet International BV as the third passage in SPF chicken embruser.	Water in oil Emulsion 500 ml x 1000 dose and 250 ml x 500 doses	For the booster vaccination of breeding stock against Reo virus.	
E	6	SV-6	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live, I.P (NOBILIS GUMBORO D78 antigen Vaccine)	Gumboro disease virus strain D78	The clone D78 was obtained by four subsequent steps of plaque purification of the isolate in chicken embryo fibroblasts	10,000 doses	For the vaccination of chickens against disease caused by Infectious Bursal Disease virus.	
7	7	SV-6	Ranikhet Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P (NOBILIS NEWCAVAC)	Newcastle disease Virus* (strain clone 30)	Newcastle Disease virus strain Clone 30: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaSota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees.	1000 doses	For the vaccination of layers & breeding stock at the age of 16-20 weeks of age but not less than 4 weeks before the expected onset of lay for protection against disease caused by Newcastle disease	
88	8	SV-6	Combined Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease, Infectious Bursal Disease, Newcastle Disease and Reo virus Vaccine, Inactivated, Water in oil emulsion (NOBILIS REO+IB+G+ND)	Bronchits Virus (strain M41), Infectious Bursal Disease Virus (strain 0.78), Newcastle disease Virus (strain clone 30) and Reo virus (strain 1733 & 2308)	Reovirus strain 1733: the strain was isolated from broilers by Dr. 1. Rosenberger, University of Delaware, USA and obtained by Intervet International By as the third passage in SPF chicken embryos. Reovirus strain 2408: the strain was isolated from broilers by Dr. 1. Rosenberger, University of Delaware, USA and obtained by Intervet International BY as the third passage in SPF chicken embryos. Infectious Bronchitis strain M41: the strain was originally isolated by Van Rokel at the University of Massachusetts. The Poultry Health Service, Doorn, The Netherlands provided the strain to Intervet International BY in October 1981. Infectious Bursal Disease strain Clone D78: the original material used for the development of Clone D78 was a virus isolated from the bursa of Fabricius of a broiler chicken. Newszatie Disease virus strain Clone 30: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaSota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees.	Water in oil Emulsion 500 ml x	For vaccination of chickens against disease caused by Reo vints, Infectious Bronchitis viruses of Massachusetts type, Newcastle disease virus and Infectious Bursal disease virus.	
9	9	SV-6	Rabies vaccine (cell cultured, lnactivated) for veterinary use (NOBIVAC RABIES)	Rabies virus (Pasteur RIVM strain)	The original virus strain is an isolate of Pasteur that has been given numerous passages in rabbit brain (fixed virus strain).	Suspension for Injection 1 dose and 10 dose	For active immunization of healthy dogs, cats, cattle, sheep, goats, ferrets, foxes and horses (and in principle all healthy mammals) against rables and can be used for both prophylactic (pre- exposures) immunization and post bite therapy.	
1	10	SV-6	Infectious Coryza Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P (NOBILIS CORYZA)	H. paragallinarum S-train 083 (Serotype A) -Strain Spross (Serotype B) -Strain H-18 (Serotype C)	Strain 083 Isolated by Dr. Page in California, USA, and obtained from Dr. Hinz, Klinik fur GeflÖgel der Tierartzlichen Hochschule, Hannover, Germany. This strain is classified as serotype A. Strain Sproas Isolated by Dr. Corstvet in Guatemala and obtained from Dr. Rimler, National Animal Disease Center, Ames, Iowa, USA. This strain is classified as serotype B. Strain H-18 Isolated by Dr. Kume in Japan and obtained from Dr. Hinz, Klinik fur GeflÖgel der Tierartzlichen Hochschule, Hannover, Germany. This strain is classified as serotype C		For the vaccination against Avibacterium paragallinarum infections in chicken	

1	11	SV-6	Combined Canine Distemper, Canine Adenovirus, Canine Parovirus & Canine Paravirus & Canine Paravirus (MOBIVAC DHPPI)	canine distemper virus(CVV) strain Onderstepoort, canine adeno virus type 2(GAV2) strain Manhattan LPV3, canine parvovirus(CPV) strain 154, canine parainfluenza virus(CPI) strain Cornell	Canine distemper virus strain Onderstepoorts: Canine distemper virus strain Onderstepoort was originally received from Onderstepoort was originally received from Onderstepoort vas- originally received from Green's destemperoid virus as described by Haig (1948). Canine adenovirus type 2 strain Manhattan LPV3 was originally supplied by Prof. M. J. Appel O.Y.M. Ph. D. of Cornell University, United States, as material from the fifth passage in primary dog kidney cell culture. Canine parvovirus strain 154: Canine parvovirus strain 154 was originally solated by the company from a clinical case of canine parvovirus that occurred in an eight week old beagie pupply born in the United Kingdom. Canine parainfluenza virus strain Cornell Canine	x 1 dose	For the active immunization of dogs against canine distemper virus(CDV), canine contagious hepatitis caused by canine adenovirus type 11(CH), canine parvovirus(CPV) & respiratory disease caused by canine Parainfluenza virus (CPI) & canine adenovirus type 2(CAV2).	
	12	SV-6	Combined Canine Distemper & Canine Parvovirus Vaccine, Live, Freeze dried (NOBIVAC PUPPY DP) Including Diluent	canine distemper virus strain Onderstepport and canine parvovirus Strain 154	Canine distemper virus strain Onderstepoort: Canine distemper virus strain Onderstepoort was originally received from Onderstepoort Veterinary Institute, South-Africa, at 123rd passage in fertile eggs and derived from Green's destemperoid virus as described by Haig (1948). Canine parvovirus strain 154: Canine parvovirus strain 154 was originally isolated by the company from a clinical case of canine parvovirus that occurred in an eight week old beagle puppy born in the United Kingdom.	Freeze dried vaccine . 10 x 1 dose	For the active immunization of dogs against canine distemper (CDV) & canine parvovirus disease (CPV).	
3	13	SV-6	Combined Avian Infectious Bronchitis Disease, Infectious Bursal Disease & Newcastle Disease Vaccine, Inactivated, Water in oil emulsion (NOBILIS IB +G+ND)	Bronchits Virus* (strain M41), Bursal Disease Virus* (strain D78) and Newcastle disease Virus* (strain clone 30)	Infectious Bronchitis strain M41: the strain was originally isolated by Van Roekel at the University of Massachusetts. The Poultry Health Service, Doorn, The Netherlands provided the strain to Intervet International BV in October 1981. Infectious Bursal Disease strain Clone D78: the original material used for the development of Clone D78 was a virus isolated from the bursa of Fabricius of a broiler chicken. Newcastle Disease virus strain Clone 30: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaSota. This virus was originally is loated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees.	Water in oil Emulsion 500 ml x 1000 dose	For protection against the Massachusetts serotype of Infectious Bronchitis virus and Newcastle disease virus and to provide maternal antibodies in the progeny against Infectious Bursal Disease virus	
	14	5V-6	Combined Avian Infectious Bronchitis &Ranikhet disease Vaccine, inactivated, Water in oil emulsion (NOBILIS IB multi+ND)	Bronchitis Virus (strain M41), Bronchitis Virus (strain M42), Bronchitis Virus (strain 2496) and Newcastle disease Virus (strain clone 30)	Infectious Bronchitis strain M41: the strain was originally isolated by Van Roekel at the University of Massachusetts. The Poultry Health Service, Doorn, The Netherlands provided the strain to Intervet International BV in October 1981. Infectious Bronchitis strain D274: the strain was originally isolated by the Poultry Health Service, Doorn, The Netherlands, from a trachea specimen obtained in January 1980. The isolate was carried through serial passages in SPF gegs and was provided to Intervet International BV. Newcastle Disease virus strain Clona 90: the strain is derived from NDV strain LaSota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette in the seventees.	1000 dose and 250 ml x500 doses	For the booster vaccination of layers & breeding stock for protection against the Massachusetts enotype & D207/D274 serotype of Infectious Bronchitis viruses	
1	15	5V-6	Salmonella enteritidi; & Salmonella typhimurium Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P (NOBILIS SALENVAC-T)	Salmonella Enteritidis (phage type 4 strain 109) and Salmonella Typhimurum DT104	Strain Salmonella enteritidis (phage type 4 strain 109) Salmonella enteritidis phage type 4 (Strain 109) was isolated from a human case of salmonellosis, the source of which was traced to pouttry. The strain was obtained from Dr B Rowe, Laboratory of Enteric Pathogens, Central Public Health Laboratory, Colindale, London as a culture on Dorset Egg agar. It was identified by the CPHL ass. enteritidis phage type 4. The strain was provided to the Central Veterinary Laboratory (CVL), Weybridge where It was designated the reference per 125/109. Strain Salmonella typhimurium DT104 was isolated from a chicken carcasts taken from a broiler unit following an outbreak of clinical disease resulting in 25% mortality. The strain was obtained from Dr Robert Davies at CVL on Dorset Egg slope agar. It was identified as S. typhimurium DT104 and was designated the reference number of 5.7886/96 by CVL.	Suspension for Injection . 1000 dose	For the active immunication of chickens and passive immunication of the progeny to reduce faecal excretion & infection of birds by S. Entiritidis & S. Typhimurium	

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16	SV-6	Avian colibacillosis Vaccine, Inactivated, Water in Oil Emulsion (NOBIUS E.Coli INAC)	F11-antigen and FT- antigen	F11-antigen Until 1993 the genetically engineered clone AM 1727 /pPIL29.1.5 was used. This clone was constructed at the University of Unibung, Maastricht, The Netherlands. The E.coli K-12 host strain AM1727 was a recA derivative of strain IE2571, not expressing any fimbriae. The genes coding for F11fimbriae expression were cloned from the wild-type E.coli strain IH291 (e-F11 reference strain C1976). FF-antigen: The production strain for the FT-antigen is E.coli strain CH7, serotype 015. %14.110, received from E. Goren (Poulty Health Institute, Doorn, The Netherlands) in 1983. This strain was isolated from a chicken with pericarditis and originally had the number 4325.	Water in oil Emulsion 500 ml x	For passive immunization against collbacillosis in broiler chickens by vaccination of broiler breeders.	
17	SV-6	Combined Rabies & Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated (NOBIVAC RL)	Rables virus, Leptospira interrogans serogroup Cancola and Leptospira interrogans serogroup itterchaemorrhagiae	Rables virus strain Pasteur RIV: The original virus strain is an isolate of Pasteur that has been given numerous passages in rabbit brain (fixed virus strain). Two Leptospira interorgans strains Leptospira interrogans serogroup Canicola serovar portland-vere strain (ca-12-000 was obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC, Armes, Iowa) on 3 January 1993). The Canicola strain was obtained as isolate Ca-12-000. This is the USDA code for this strain, the reference strain for serovar portland-vere of serogroup Canicola, identical to the international reference strain MY 1039. Leptospira interrogans serogroup Icterohaemorrhagiae serosur icterohaemorrhagiae serosur icterohaemorrhagiae strain 820K was also obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC, Armes, Iowa) on 3 January 1999. The Icterohaemorrhagiae strain 820K was sisolated from a rat kidney in Detroit, Michigan, in 1978.	Liquid Injection. 10 x 1 dose	For active immunization of dogs from 8 weeks of age onwards against Rabies & Canine Uaptropirosis caused by L. Interrogans Serotype Canicola and Icterohaemorrhagiae	
18	SV-6	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live, I.P (NOBILIS GUMBORO 228E	Gumboro disease virus strain 228E	Nobilis strain 228E was a virus isolated from material of bursas of Fabricius and spleens of a 26 days old non-vaccinated flock of broiler chickens	Freeze dried vaccine. 500, 1000, 2000, 2500, 3000, 5000 and 10,000 doses	For the vaccination of chickens against disease caused by Infectious Bursal Disease virus.	
19	SV-6	Ranikhet disease Vaccine, Live, I.P (NOBILIS NO CLONE 30)	Newcastle disease Virus strain clone 30	ND Clone 30 vaccine strain is derived from NDV strain La Sota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudette.	Freeze dried vaccine. 500, 1000, 2000, 2500, 3000, 5000 and 10,000 doses	For vaccination of chickens & turkeys against Newcastle disease	
20	SV-6	inactivated trivalent poultry vaccine containing serotype A, B and C of Avibacterium paragallinarum (NOBILIS CORVAC)	Avibacterium paragallinarum Strain 083 (serotype A), Strain Spross (serotype B) and Strain H-18 (serotype C)	Strain 083 Isolated by Dr. Page in California, USA, and obtained from Dr. Hinz, Klinik fur Geflugel der Tilerartichen Hochschule, Hannover, Germany. This strain is classified as serotype. Strain Spross Isolated by Dr. Corstvet in Guatemala and obtained from Dr. Rimler, National Animal Disease Center, Ames, Iowa, USA. This strain is classified as serotype B. Strain H-18 Isolated by Dr. Kume in Japan and obtained from Dr. Hinz, Klinik fur Geflugel der Tierartzlichen Hochschule, Hannover, Germany. This strain is classified as serotype C.	Emulsion for Injection. 250 ml x 500 dose and 500 ml x 1000 doses	Vaccination against Avibacterium paragallinarum infections in chickens	
21	SV-6	Live, Freeze-dried vaccine against Bordetella bronchiseptica and Canine parainfluenza virus (NOBIVAC KC)	Bordetella bronchiseptica strain B-C2 and Canine parainfluenza virus strain Cornell	Bordetella bronchiseptica strain B-C2 The Bordetella bronchiseptica strain was isolated in the early seventies from the trachea of a healthy dog in the United States of America. Two vials of commercial Bordetella bronchiseptica strain were obtained from Boehringer I ngelheim Animal Health Inc. The date of accession was 15 September 1992 and the strain was designated as B-C2. Canine parainfluenza virus strain Cornell The canine parainfluenza virus (CPI) strain was originally isolated from a dog. Intervet obtained this strain from Cornell University, United States of America, in 1977.	Freeze dried vaccine. 1 , 5 and 10 doses	Active immunisation of dogs against Bordetella bronchiseptica and Canine parainfluenza virus resulting in prevention of kennel cough disease	

22	SV-6	Combined Avian Infectious Bronchitis and Ranikhet Disease Vaccine, Live (Nobilis* Ma5+Clone 30) Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Live, LP (NOBIUS IB Ma5)	Infectious Bronchitis Virus strain Ma5 and New Castle Disease Virus Clone 30	ND Clone 30 vaccine strain is derived from NDV strain La Sota. This virus was originally isolated in the laboratory of Dr. F.R. Beaudett. MaS: The master seed of intervet's Massachusetts type IB vaccine "Mild Mass H" (MMH) was adapted to growing in chicken embryo kidney cell culture. Clones were purified by two or three further plaque-picking passages. Seed lots were prepared. Clone A105 was selected and labelled strain MaS. The master seed of intervet's Massachusetts type IB vaccine "Mild Mass H" (MMH) was adapted to growing in chicken embryo kidney cell culture. Clones were selected by taking plaques. The dones were purified by two or three further plaque-picking passages. Seed lots were prepared. Clone A105 was selected and labelled strain MaS.	Freeze dried pellet form . 1000 doses and 2500 doses. Freeze dried form. In vials and cups of 1000, 2500, 5000 and 10000 doses	Immunization of healthy chickens against Infectious Bronchitis and Ranikhet Disease. For Vaccination of chicken against Infectious Bronchitis	
24	SV-6	Avian Infectious Bronchitis Vaccine, Inactivated, I.P., Water in oil Emulsion (NOBILIS IB MULTI)	Infectious Bronchitis Virus (Strain M41) and Infectious Bronchitis Virus (Strain 249G)	The Infectious Bronchitis virus strain of the D274 serotpe was isolated by the Poultry Health Service, Doorn, The Netherlands, from a traches specimen obtained in January 1980. For the D274 serotype strain, both annotations (D274 and 2496) have been used alternatively throughout the dossier to refer to the strain included in the conduct.	Liquid Injection. 1000 dose	For Vaccination in laying and breeding stocks for protection against Massachusetts serotype and the D274 serotype of Infectious Bronchitis.	
25	SV-6	synoviae, strain MS1 (Nobilis * MS-Live)	Mycoplasma synoviae, strain MS1	The original strain has been isolated from the hock joint of a chicken. Strain MSI is a spontaneous attenuation of the pathogenic field isolate WVU 1853, which has been deposited at the ATCC under number 25204. The Company received the strain from the ATCC in 1971.	2000 doses	Active immunization of healthy chickens to reduce the clinical signs and egg production loss by Mycoplasma synoviae infection	
26	59-6	Infectious Coryza Vaccine, I.P (Nobilis® Corvac-4)	Aviabacterium pargallinarum, Strain 083 (serotype A), Strain Spross (serotype B), Strain H-19 (serotype C) and Strain 48 (serotype variant type B)	Strain 083 Isolated by Dr. Page in California, USA, and obtained from Dr. Hinz, Klinik fur Geflugel der Tierartzlichen Hochschule, Hannower, Germany. This strain is classified as serotype A. Strain Spross Isolated by Dr. Corstvet in Guatemala and obtained from Dr. Rimler, National Animal Disease Center, Ames, Iowa, USA. This strain is classified as serotype B. Strain H-18 Isolated by Dr. Kurne in Japan and obtained from Dr. Hinz, Klinik fur Geflugel der Tierartzlichen Hochschule, Hannover, Germany. This strain is classified as serotype C. Strain S48 Isolated in Ecuador from a chicken with infectious coryao in spite of the fact that it was vaccinated with a Coryza vaccine. The strain was isolated from an infectious coryao untersit in Ecuador in June 1999. This strain is classified as serotype variant type 8.	Suspension for Injection (Water in oil emulsion). 500 ml x 1000 doses	Active Immunization of chickens to reduce infection and clinical signs of infectious Coryza caused by Aviabacterium paragallinarum. The protective effects are demonstrated from 3 weeks upto at least 49 weeks post vaccination	
27	SV-6	Combined Feline Calicivirus, Feline rhinotracheltis and Feline Panleucopenia Vaccine (Nobiwac Tricat Trio vaccine).	Live FCV strain F9 Live FVR strain GZ6Z0A Live FPLV strain MW-1	Feline calicivirus strain F9 The F9 strain of FCV was isolated from the pharym of a cat. The strain was supplied to Intervet International by by Dr. R. Gaskell of the University of Bristol, United Kingdom. Feline viral rhinotrachetits virus strain G2620A An isolate of FV was supplied by Dr. R. Gaskell of the University of Bristol and designated strain G2620 Feline panleucopenia virus strain MW-1 Commercial feline panleucopenia virus was obtained from Pitman Moore, United States of America.	Lyophilisate and solvent for suspension for inj. 1 Dose	Active immunization of cats to reduce clinical signs and virus excretion caused by an infection with feline calicivirus, Feline rhinotracheitis virus and to prevent clinical signs, virus excretion and leucopenia caused by feline panleucopenia virus.	

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28		SV-6	Canine Leptospirosis vaccine, Inactivated, I.P.		Leptospira interrogans serogroup Canicola	Suspension for Injection. Pack of 1 dose	For active immunization of dogs against:	
			(Nobivac L4)	Portland-vere (strain Ca-12000), L.	serovar Portland-vere strain Ca-12-000		L. interrogans serogroup Canicola serovar Portland-vere,	
				interrogans serogroup Icterohaemorrhagiae	The strain was obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC,		to reduce infection and	
				serovar Copenhageni (strain Ic-02-001), L.	Ames, Iowa) on 3 January 1989. The Canicola		urinary excretion.	
				Kirschneri serogroup Australis serovar	strain was obtained as isolate Ca-12-000. This		L. interrogans serogroup Icterohaemorrhagiae serovar	
				Bratislava (strain As-05-073) and L. Kirschneri	strain is reference strain for serovar Portland-vere		Copenhageni, to reduce	
				serogroup griptotyphosa serovar	of serogroup Canicola and is also known as the		infection and urinary excretion.	
				Dadas (strain Gr-01-005	international reference strain MY 1039. Strain CA- 12- 000 was isolated from human blood in		L. Kirschneri serogroup Australis serovar Bratislava, to reduce infection.	
					Jamaica, before 1970.		L. Kirschneri serogroup griptotyphosa serovar Dadas, to	
					Leptospira interrogans serogroup		reduce infection and	
					Icterohaemorrhagiae serovar Copenhageni strain		urinary excretion	
					820K		armary exerction	
					The strain was obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC,			
					Ames, Iowa) on 3 January 1989. The			
					Icterohaemorrhagiae strain 820K was isolated			
					from a rat kidney in Detroit, Michigan, in 1978.			
					Leptospira interrogans serogroup Australis			
					serovar Bratislava strain As-05-073			
					The strain was obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC,			
					Ames, Iowa) on 14 August 1998. The Australis			
					strain was isolated from a pig placenta in Stuart,			
					lowa, in 1989.			
					Leptospira kirschneri serogroup Grippotyphosa			
29		SV-6	Canine Leptospirosis vaccine, Inactivated, I.P.	I interconnection of the control of	serovar Dadas, strain Gr-01-005	Suspension for Injection. Pack of 1 dose	For active immunication against texture to the	
29		34-0	(Nobivac Lepto)	L. interrogans serogroup Canicola serovar (strain Ca-12000) and L. interrogans	Leptospira interrogans serogroup Canicola serovar portland-vere strain Ca-12-000	ouspension for injection. Pack of 1 dose	For active immunization against leptospirosis in dogs caused by the L. interrogans serogroup Canicola and	
			1.100.7ac Leptoj	serogroup Icterohaemorrhagiae	The strain was obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC,		Icterohaemorrhagiae	
				strain 820 K	Ames, Iowa) on 3 January 1989, The Canicola			
					strain was obtained as isolate Ca-12-000. This			
					strain is reference strain for serovar Portland-vere			
					of serogroup Canicola and is also known as the			
					international reference strain MY 1039. Strain CA-			
					12- 000 was isolated from human blood in			
					Jamaica, before 1970.			
					Leptospira interrogans serogroup			
					Icterohaemorrhagiae serovar copenhageni strain			
					820K			
					The strain was obtained from Dr. C. Bolin (NADC,			
					Ames, Iowa) on 3 January 1989. The			
					Icterohaemorrhagiae strain 820K was isolated from a rat kidney in Detroit, Michigan, in 1978.			
					Irom a rac kidney in Decroit, Michigan, in 1978.			
30	•	SV-6	Cell Associated Live Recombinant Herpes	Cell-associated live recombinant turkey	Vaccine strain in Innovax-ND-IBD (HVP360) is an	Frozen cell associated suspension 2000	For active immunication of one day old chicks	
50		3.0	virus of Turkey strain HPV 360	herpesvirus (strain HPV 360)		daose and 4000 dose	- to reduce mortality and clinical signs caused by	
			(Innovax ND IBD)		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey		Newcastle disease (ND) virus,	
				,			Newcastle disease (ND) virus, - to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and	
				,	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease	
					Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus,	
					Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD)		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360.		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marcel's (Icease (MID) virus	
31		SV-6		Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT Fc-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CFE cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VPZ gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. 1, 11 956, Williams.		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvinus vaccine virus (HVT-C126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VPZ gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CErc leils and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R Strain from a		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		5V-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesyins vaccine virus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VPZ gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. In. 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg., strain 9, through continuous		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus xocine vius (HVT C-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CET cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C.		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		5V-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visus (HVT-C126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VF2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEr Cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus xocine vius (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant vins was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visu (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VF gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
31		SV-6	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with		Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus xocine vius (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant vins was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was		- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack_sticasae (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent PD)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack's disease (MM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection.	
31		5V-6 5VV-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R { Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine,	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visu (RVTF-12f) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV VF2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain 58-1: has originally been isolated from S-	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease ((BD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease IMM-virus - For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live Virus, Live Marek's	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus xocine vius (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant vincs was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Se, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease (MR) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vetor.	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpervinus vaccine visus (HVT F-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV YP gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R Strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-yarthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first sidated during an acute outhreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBO) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by stank's disease IAMI-signs - for the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gailinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo router or day old chicks by subcataneous route to ald in	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live Virus, Live Marek's	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherfands. A turkey herpesvirus xorcine virus (HVTF-C150) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVV gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis 56 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc., Millisbror, Delaware, U.S. in 1983 and was passed	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease (MR) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vetor.	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpervinus vaccine visus (HVT F-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV F gene and the IBDV YP gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R Strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-yarthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first sidated during an acute outhreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from Siline chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schal. The strain was received by intervet linc., Millsboro, Dellaware, U.S. in 1983 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visu (HVTF-C1:6) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVV gene. The recombinant vins was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis 56 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. H. he Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. Lieven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesyinus vacine visu (HVTF-C15) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus as grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1983 and was passed in CEF cell 9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine vius (HVTF-C16) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVVP gene. The recombinant vins was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. 1, the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. 1, in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first siodated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1340s. Strain SB-1: has originally been sloated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by intervet linc, Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. Li Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc to	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesyinus vacine visu (HVTF C-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus as grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first sloated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millsborn, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 and was passed in CEF cell 9 passages) and subsequently sent to intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MWilsborn, Delaware, U.S. or 1938 to Kell HVTP. Fix was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MWilsborn, Delaware, U.S. by Intervet Inc., MWilsborn, De	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvinus vaccine vius (HVTF-C16) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVVP gene. The recombinant vinus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. H. in Pser porduct was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first solated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UR. In the Intel 1916. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from Sinches in the UR. In the Intel 1916. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from Sinches in the UR. In the Intel 1916 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. L. Cambridge, U. K. Elven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. tel. In Devervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. etc., U.S. Net. Liv. No. 286 on 10/28/38 from Bowmeer, The Netherlands and	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, scrotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant vins was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. L. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MIIIsboro, Delawer, U.s. and Stock, HVT/MDVF. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MIIIsboro, Delawer, U.S. and Stock, HVT/MDVF. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MIIIsboro, Delaware, U.S. and Stock, HVT/MDVF. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MIIIsboro, Delaware, U.S. and The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo florabolast (CEF).	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000,	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack-z disease (MTh) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent.	
32		svv-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SGSR with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesyinus vacine visu (HVTF-C15) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus as grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the lat 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens are Comell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1983 and was passed in CEF cell 9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., MIMISboro, Delaware, U.S. vet U.S. by Intervet Inc.,	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by abraic's disease fathlering. For the active immunistation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 13-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcathaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent Marek's disease and Newcastle disease	
			(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine,	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV Yeg gene. The recombinant vinus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis S6 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. H. in Nobilis Most transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first stolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. Lick Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc. (Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. by the Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. by the Vitervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. by the Vitervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. by the Vitervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. by U.S. Vet. Lic. No. 286 on 10/28/98 from Boxmeer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed virus	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBO) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack's disease IMM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 13-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by suboutaneous route to ald in the prevention of very virulent Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the prevention of the prevention of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of forms of the vaccination of the vacc	
32		svv-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent PD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine, serotype 3, Live virus Marek's Disease Vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesyins vascine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus as grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., and Millisboro. Delawer, U.s. and Schot, HVT/MDVF, was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delawer, U.S. and Schot, HVT/MDVF, was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. 1 vet 16. to 286 on 10/28/98 from Bowneer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed virus	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by a construction of the store infection of the store infection. For the active immunistation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 13-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent. Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy 18 day-old chicken embryos by the	
32		svv-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine,	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV Yeg gene. The recombinant vinus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. 1, the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. 1, in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first stolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1340s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. Li Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc. A Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc. No. 286 on 10/28/38 from Bouwer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed virus Vaccine strain in Innovax-NO (HYT PB1) was established at Intervet Inc., Millsboro, U.S. The Littleye herepex'us vaccine virus filter in the Inc. See HYTP PB1) was	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBO) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marack's disease IMM) virus. For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gailinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 13-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to ald in the prevention of very virulent. Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of	
32		svv-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent PD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine, serotype 3, Live virus Marek's Disease Vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesyins vascine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus as grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation BV. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. In 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., and Millisboro. Delawer, U.s. and Schot, HVT/MDVF, was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delawer, U.S. and Schot, HVT/MDVF, was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. 1 vet 16. to 286 on 10/28/98 from Bowneer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fitroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed virus	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBO) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease IMM-virus - For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy 18 day-old chicken embryos by the inovoroute or for one-day-old chicken by the	
32		svv-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent PD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine, serotype 3, Live virus Marek's Disease Vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus vaccine visus (HVT FC-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd., the Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Se, strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to intervet U.K. Ltd. Cambridge, U.K. Eleven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot 5, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938. From Boxmeer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed virus Vaccine strain in Innovax-ND (HVT PB1) was established at Innovax-ND (HVT PB1) was genetically modified by inserting NDV Stain PNOV PNOV PNOV PNOV PNOV PNOV PNOV PNOV	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by control to the control to t	
32		svv-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine, serotype 3, Live virus Marek's Disease Vector (Innovax-ND)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 5B-1	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvinus succine vius (HVTF-C1:6) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVVP gene. The recombinant vinus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. H. in Psterbands. The product was transferred to Intervet Internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of Sg., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a smooth strain of Sg., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of 6 a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first siolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 139a and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. Lick Cambridge, U. K. Elven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot, Swinch was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce mSV Lot, Swinch was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 theretained and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce mSV source, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce mSV survey accept review accept review accept review for the NDV Strain Clone 30 F gene The recombinant virus was grown trivin was a genetically modified by inserting the NDV Strain Clone 30 F gene The recombinant virus was grown to the Virus of the Virus of the NDV Strain Clone 30 F gene The recombinant virus was grown to the Virus of the Virus of the NDV Strain Clone 30 F gene The recombinant virus was grown to the Virus of the Virus of the NDV Strain Clone 30 F gene The recombinant virus was grown to the Virus of the Virus of the NDV Strain Clone 30 F ge	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by control to the control to t	
32 33		SVV-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain SR (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent PD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine, serotype 3, Live virus Marek's Disease Vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain SB-1 Turkey Herpes virus strain HVT/NDV-F	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvins vaccine visus (HVT-FL26) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVVP gene. The recombinant vinus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis S6 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. H. in Psetherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first stolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1983 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc. As MSV stock. HVT/MDV-F; was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc. No. 286 on 10/28/98 from Sowner, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed viru. Vaccine strain in Innovax-ND (HVT PB1) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV strain Clone 30 F gene The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVT/NDV-F.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease IMM-virus - For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent - Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy 18 day-old chicken embryos by the inovor order of ron-eday-old chicken by the subcutaneous route or said in the prevention of Marek's Disease and Newcastle disease	
32 33	Name of the firm	SVV-3 SVV-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vector (Innovax-ND)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain SB-1 Turkey Herpes virus strain HVT/NDV-F	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus xocine vius (HVTF C-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVV gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. He Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a smember of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. I. Cambridge, U. K. Elveen sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc, as MSV stock. HVT/NDV-F. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc, as MSV stock. HVT/NDV-F. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc, Willsboro, Delaware, U.S. 1 vell St. No. 286 on 10/12/8/98 from Bowmeer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce MSV Lot, S. which was imported into Chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce MSV Intervet linc, Willsboro, U.S.A. The turkey herpesvirus vaccine wirus (HVT PBI) was established at Intervet inc, Millsboro, U.S.A. The turkey herpesvirus vaccine wirus (HVT PBI) was established at Intervet inc, millsboro, U.S.A. The turkey herpesvirus vaccine wirus (HVT PBI) was established at present in the MSV train in the MSV strain CEF cells and designated HVT/NDV-F.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease IMM-virus - For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent - Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy 18 day-old chicken embryos by the inovor order of ron-eday-old chicken by the subcutaneous route or said in the prevention of Marek's Disease and Newcastle disease	
32 33	Name of the firm M/s Institute of Animal Health And /eterinary Biologicals,	SVV-3 SVV-3 License No. 05-08-2020	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vaccine, serotype 3, Live virus Marek's Disease Vector (Innovax-ND) Name of the molecule approved Mi-166/2020	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain 58-1 Turkey Herpes virus strain HVT/NDV-F Indication Peste Des Petits Ruminants Vaccine Live IP	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvinus xocine via (HVTP C-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV gene and the IBDV VP2 gene. The recombinant vinus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. 1, the Netherlands. The product was transferred to Intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. 1, in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a member of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first siolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1340s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by intervet linc, Millisboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. Lick. Cambridge, U.K. Elven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot, Swinch was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell in the UK in Swinch in the UK in the Intervet U.K. Lick nambridge, U.K. Elven sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot, Swinch was imported into the U.S. by Intervet Inc., Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 migrored into the U.S. by Intervet Linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 migrored into the U.S. by Intervet Linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1938 migrored into the U.S. by Intervet Linc, Cells and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce master seed viru. Vaccine strain in Innovax-ND (HVT PB1) was genetically modified by inserting the NDV strain Clone 3D F gene The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVT/NDV-F.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses Dosage Forom Freeze Dried Vaccine for subcutaneous route of administration	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease IMM-virus - For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent - Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy 18 day-old chicken embryos by the inovor order of ron-eday-old chicken by the subcutaneous route or said in the prevention of Marek's Disease and Newcastle disease	
32 33	Name of the firm M/s Institute of Animal Health And /eterinary Biologicals,	SVV-3 SVV-3	(Innovax ND IBD) Live vaccine against Salmonella gallinarum organism strain 9R (Nobilis SG9R with Diluent FD) Marek's Disease-New Castle disease vaccine, serotype 2 & 3, Live virus, Live Marek's disease vector (Live Recombinant Vaccine for Poultry) (Innovax ND-SB) Marek's Disease-Newcastle Disease Vector (Innovax-ND)	Salmonella gallinarum strain 9R Turkey Herpes Virus strain HVT/NDV-F and Marek's Disease Virus serotype 2 strain SB-1 Turkey Herpes virus strain HVT/NDV-F	Intervet, Boxmeer, the Netherlands. A turkey herpesvirus xocine vius (HVTF C-126) was genetically modified by inserting the NDVF gene and the IBDVV gene. The recombinant virus was grown in CEF cells and designated HVP360. Vaccine strain in Nobilis SG 9R was established at Mycofarm Ltd. He Netherlands. The product was transferred to intervet internation B.V. through acquisition of Mycofarm Ltd. H. in 1956, Williams Smith developed the rough 9R strain from a smooth strain of S.g., strain 9, through continuous passages on a semi-synthetic medium at 20°C. According to personal communication of a smember of the Smith research team, strain 9 was first isolated during an acute outbreak of FT in chickens in the UK in the late 1940s. Strain SB-1: has originally been isolated from S-line chickens at Cornell University by Dr. K. A. Schat. The strain was received by Intervet linc, Millsboro, Delaware, U.S. in 1933 and was passed in CEF cell (9 passages) and subsequently sent to Intervet U. K. I. Cambridge, U. K. Elveen sequential passages in CEF cells were performed to produce MSV Lot S, which was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc, as MSV stock. HVT/NDV-F. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc, as MSV stock. HVT/NDV-F. was imported into the U.S. by Intervet linc, Willsboro, Delaware, U.S. 1 vell St. No. 286 on 10/12/8/98 from Bowmeer, The Netherlands and passaged once in chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce MSV Lot, S. which was imported into Chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells to produce MSV Intervet linc, Willsboro, U.S.A. The turkey herpesvirus vaccine wirus (HVT PBI) was established at Intervet inc, Millsboro, U.S.A. The turkey herpesvirus vaccine wirus (HVT PBI) was established at Intervet inc, millsboro, U.S.A. The turkey herpesvirus vaccine wirus (HVT PBI) was established at present in the MSV train in the MSV strain CEF cells and designated HVT/NDV-F.	Freeze dried pellet . 1000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses Frozen cell suspension . 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 doses Dosage Forom Freeze Dried Vaccine for subcutaneous	- to prevent mortality and to reduce clinical signs and lesions caused by infectious bursal disease (IBD) virus, - to reduce mortality, clinical signs and lesions caused by Marak's disease IMM-virus - For the active immunisation of layers in order to reduce immunity against Salmonella gallinarum infection. This vaccine is recommended for vaccination of healthy 18-day-old chicken embryos by the inovo route or day old chicks by subcutaneous route to aid in the prevention of very virulent - Marek's disease and Newcastle disease The vaccine is recommended for the vaccination of healthy 18 day-old chicken embryos by the inovor order of ron-eday-old chicken by the subcutaneous route or said in the prevention of Marek's Disease and Newcastle disease	

1		Licence No SSV-17-24	1		strain 0083, type B strain SPROSS and type C	I .	1	
-		IEC: AAGCV55IN	Vaksimune Coryza LE	A.Paragallinarum Serotype A,0083 Strain	Master seed bacteria of A. paragallinarum (type A	1000	Coryza disease	
S. No.		Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
8		IMP-133/2017	Combined Newcastle Disease Marek's Disease Vaccine, Serotype 3, Live Virus, Marek's Disease Vector (Vectormune HVT ND)	Newcastle Disease Marek's Disease HVT strain	Herpesvirus of Turkey (HVT), serotype 3, strain FC- 126 as a vector for the gene of Newcastle disease virus (NDV) Vector was constructed and plaque purified by Biomune Co. Lenexa, KS66215. Plaques were purified from growth in chicken embryo fibroblasts (FFF)	Live frozen vaccine 1000, 2000 and 4000 doses	Recommended for use in 18-19 day old embryonating eggs or in day old chicks as an aid in the prevention of Newcastle disease caused by Newcastle disease virus and Marek's disease caused by marek's disease virus	
7	M/S Ceva Polchem Pvt. Ltd., A/P 79/2/2, ROOM NO.1, PROP.NO.538 VILLAGE AMBERVET, MULSHI, Pune, Maharashtra (India) - 411042 Manufacturer M/s. Biomune Company (Ceva Biomune), 8906 Rosshill Road Lenexa – 66215 Kansas (United States) Registration Certificate SVV-19	IMP-48/2017	Fow Pox-mycoplasma Gallisepticum Vaccine, Live Fowl Pox Vector (Vectormune FP MG)	Fowl pox-Mycoplasma gallisepticum, Cutter strain 0.010	Source - FPV/MG : Fowlpox virus , the parental organism is fowl pox virus, cutter strain. M. gallisepticum S6 strain and M gallisepticum R strain Fowl pox vector was constructed and plaque purified by Biomune Co, Lenexa, KS 66215. Plaques were purified from growth in chicken annbung filtroblasts (TEE).	Freeze dried vaccine 500 and 1000 doses	For active immunization of chickens at least 8 weeks of age and turkeys at least 4 weeks of age against fowl pox virus and infection from Mycoplasma gallisepticum. Vaccinate all birds on a farm at same time. Do not vaccinate within 21 days of slaughter. Product contains Gentamicin and Amphotericin B as preservative	
6		IMP-174/2021	Infectious Bursal Disease Immune Complex Vaccine, Live, Frozen Vaccine [Novamune]	Avian infectious bursal disease virus strain SYZA26	The source is a commercially available vaccine containing the 228E vaccine strain. The IBDV SYZA26 is the first passage of the original vaccine strain.	Frozen vaccine 1000 and 2000 doses	For active immunization of future layer chickens against Infectious Bursal disease	
5		IMP-310/2020	Avian Infectious Bronchitis virus variant strain, Live, freeze-dried vaccine I.P. (Cevac Ibird)	Avian infectious bronchitis virus, variant strain 1/96	The strain was isolated from trachea sample of broiler chicken in Hungary, in 1996. Aetiological analysis of sequence divergence of the 793/8 serotype viruses and the blast analysis, nucleotide alignment of the IBV 1/96 and 4/91 strains confirms the same monophyletic lineage and close relationship between the two strains.	Freeze dried vaccine 1000, 2500, 5000, 8000 and 10000 doses		
					in the National Collection of Micro-organisms (Budapest, Hungary) under accession number of 001075 on 1 December, 1988. The strain was received at PHYLAWIA in 1989. The virus is designated as PHYLMV.42 Avian infectious bronchitis virus, strain H120, code: 1.1.0.5./2 The original strain was received from Great Britain in 1978.			
					of paramyxovirus genus of paramyxoviridae family. This strain of Newcastle disease virus was obtained from the culture stock of B. Lomniczi, which was selected from numerous avirulent field isolates on the basis of its much milder cytopathogen effects onchick embryo kidny cell cultures and adapted to the intertial epithelial cells at the Veterinary Medical Research Institute of Hungarian Academy of Sciences and deposited of Hungarian Academy of Sciences and deposited			
4		IMP-10/2020	Newcastle disease virus strain Live, Avian infectious bronchitis virus strain, freeze-dried vaccine (Vitabron L)	Newcastle disease virus strain PHY.LMV.42 and Avian infectious bronchitis virus strain H120	The arcression date was 12 May 80 Newcastle disease virus strain PHY.LMV.42 The avirulent and thermostable virus strain of Newcastle disease belongs to the NDV prototype	Freeze dried vaccine 1000 and 2000 doses	dieace virus For active immunization of healthy day-old chicks against Newcastle disease and Infectious Bronchitis virus	
3		IMP-110/2017	Infectious Bursal Disease Vaccines, Live (Cevac Transmune)	Avian infectious bursal disease virus strain Winterfield 2512 G-61 with Bursal disease antibodies (BDA)	The accression date was 12 May 80 The virus was obtained from Dr. Roland Winterfield, Purdue University, as 84th embryo passage.	Freeze dried vaccine 2000,4000,5000 and 8000 doses	For active immunization of healthy 18 days old embryos and healthy day-old chicks against the disease caused by classical and very virulent strains of Infectious Bursal	
2	negodation Certificate 544-18	IMP-159/2017	Infectious Bursal Disease Live Freeze Dried Vaccine (Cevac IBD L)	Avian infectious bursal disease virus strain Winterfield 2512 G-61	The virus was obtained from Dr. Roland Winterfield, Purdue University, as 84th embryo passage.	Live Freeze dried vaccine 500, 1000,2500 and 5000 doses	For active immunization of healthy chicken against the disease caused by very virulent strains of infectious Bursal disease virus	
1	M/s Ceva Polchem Pvt. Ltd., A/P 79/2/Z, ROOM NO.1, PROP. NO.538 VILLAGE AMBERVET, MULSHI, Pune, Maharashtra (India) - 411042 Manufacturer M/s. CEVA- Phylaxia veterianzy biologicas co. Itd., 1107 Budapest szallas U.5, Budapest - 1107 Budapest (Hungary) Registration Certificate SVV-18	IMP-107/2015	Inactivated Ranikhet Disease vaccine, oil emulsion (CEVAC BROILER ND K)	Inactivated Newcastle disease virus, strain NDV-SZ LaSota	Newcastle disease virus strain designated as "Sz", obtained from Syria, with intermediate of Dr. Vilmos Palya. The accession date is 1989.	Emulsion for subcutaneous or intramuscular route 1000 and 5000 doses	For vaccination of young chickens especially day-old chicks against Newcastle Disease	
S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
9		10-11-2014	MF-248/2014	Swine Fever, Vaccine Live, I.P	For active immunization against Classical Swine fever in pigs.	Freeze Dried Vaccine for Intra muscular route of administration. 1ml I/M after reconstitution in 10 ml diluent.		
8		05-08-2020	MF-165/2020	Rabies Veterinary vaccine inactivated (cell culture)IP	For active immunization against rabies in dogs cats and other mammal.	single dose and 5 doses.		
7		04-08-2020	MF-161/2020	Ranikhet Disease Vaccine Live (Lentogenic Strain), IP	For Prophylactic Vaccination against Ranikhet Disease in Chickens and/or other avian species.	Live viral vaccine in freeze dried form 200 doses in 5 ml Glass vial		
6		28-07-2020	MF-160/2020	Anthrax Spore Vaccine Live IP	Prophylactic Vaccination of Healthy Animals Like Cattle And Buffalo above six months of age	Live bacterial vaccine for subcutaneous route of administration 100 ml glass vial		
5	_	07-08-2020	MF-162/2020	Ranikhet Disease Vaccine Live (Mesogenic Strain IP	enterotoxaemia for sheep and eoats. For Prophylactic Vaccination against Ranikhet Disease in chickens.	Doses in PP vial Live Viral Vaccine in Freeze Dried Form		
4		07-08-2020	MF-172/2020	Inactivated IP Enterotoxaemia Vaccine, Inactivated IP	Recommended for active immunization against	glass vial Liquid Vaccine for subcutaneous use 100		
3		05-08-2020	MF-168/2020	Haemorrhagic Septicaemia Vaccine	Haemorrhagic Septicaemia In cattle and buffaloes	Liquid vaccine for subcutaneous use 5 ml		

				A.Paragallinarum Serotype B,V5 Strain-	strain Modesto) were originated from U.S.A			
				A.Paragallinarum Serotype C,Modesto Strain				
2		IEC: AAGCV55IN	Vaksimune NDL -IB Plus	ND Virus Genotype VII of N018 strain,inactivated	ND virus Genotype VII strain N018 is local isolate fr	1000	New castle disease and Infectious Bronchitis disease	
		Licence No SSV-17-24		IB Virus of Massachusette-41 strain, inactivated	IB virus of Massachusette-41 strain is from USA. IB virus of B004 strain is derived from local isolate			
				IB Virus,serotype Qx of B003 strain,	and it was isolated from chicken suspect from			
				inactivated IB Virus, serotype 771 of B004 strain,	infection of IB virus infection and the isolated virus			
				inactivated	was identified as IB serotype Qx and the other is IB serotype 771			
3		IEC: AAGCV55IN	VAKSIMUNE NDL- IB Plus-EDS	ND Virus Genotype VII of N018 strain, inactivated	The seed virus ND Genotype VII was isolated from chicken suspect from infection of ND virus and the	1000	New castle, Infectious Bronchitis disease and Egg Drop Syndrom.	
				mactivated	isolated virus was identified as ND virus Genotype		Syndroni.	
					VII, The isolated virus was purified and			
					characterized by Laboratorium of PT Vaksindo satwa Nusantara (Bogor-Indonesia) and it is			
		Licence No SSV-17-24	+	IB Virus of Massachusette-41 strain,	derived as seed virus The master seed virus of IB virus of Massachusette-			
		200000000000000000000000000000000000000		inactivated	41 strain was originated from LASHER Associated			
				IB Virus, serotype Qx of B003 strain, inactivated	Inc. PO.Box 345; RT 113 South Millsboro, DE 19966 USA. The Master seed of IB virus of B003			
				IB Virus, serotype 771 of B004 strain,	and B004 strain is derived from local isolate and it			
				inactivated EDS'76 Virus of Eoo1 strain, inactivated	was isolated from chicken suspect from infection The seed virus of EDS'76 virus strain E001 is a local			
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	isolate derived from chicken suffered from EDS.			
					The virus was purified in chicken Enmbryo Liver cell culture and characterized by PCR and DNA			
					sequencing. Then the virus is derived as seed virus.			
4	-	IEC: AAGCV55IN	VAKSIMUNE NDHV IB	ND Virus Ulster strain	The master seed virus Newcastle disease of ulster	1000 & 2000	New castle and Infectious Bronchitis disease.	
		Licence No SSV-17-24	+	IB Virus H120 strain	strain was originated from U.S.A. The seed virus of the IB H ₁₂₀ strain was originated			
					from U.S.A.			
5		IEC: AAGCV55IN Licence No SSV-17-24	VAKSIMUNE ND L INAKTIF 0.1	ND Genotype VII, N018 strain	The seed virus ND Genotype VII was isolated from chicken suspect from infection of ND virus and the	2000 & 5000	New Castle disease.	
6	_	IEC: AAGCV55IN	VAKSIMUNE® ND L INAKTIF	ND Genotype VII, N018 strain	The seed virus ND Genotype VII was isolated from	1000	New Castle disease.	
					chicken suspect from infection of ND virus and the			
					isolated virus was identified as ND virus Genotype VII, The isolated virus was purified and			
					characterized by Laboratorium of PT Vaksindo			
					satwa Nusantara (Bogor-Indonesia) and derived			
S. No	 Name of the importer/manufacturer with address 	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
1	LAL PET PRODUCTS, PLOT NO. 24, IDC, MG ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Combined Canine Distemper, Infectitious Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis	Canine Distemper Virus, Live attenuated	The virus strain was derived from the	1 ml dose x 20	For active immunisation of dogs against distemper, infectious hepatitis, infectious larvngotracheitis.	
1	LAL PET PRODUCTS, PLOT NO. 24, IDC, MG ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA 122001 INDIA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canine Distemper Virus, Live attenuated Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfluenza virus, live attenuated	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The	1 ml dose x 20	For active immunisation of dogs against distemper, infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza.	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÚVel) in Brno.	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÚVel) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÚVel) in Brno.	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haigin 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr.	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVVe) in Bron. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research institute Bron in 1992 by Dr. J. Stépánek, D. M. V. The virus in 102 "passages"	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVee) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Hajie in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Redictine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno y Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno.	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVVe) in Brow. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stépánek, D. M. V. The virus in 102 th passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1880. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stépánek, D. V. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Arica by D. A. Haigin 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVue) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. W. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haje in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜV-el) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by 10. J. Stépánek, D. M. V. The virus in 120° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bloveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stépánek, D. V. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from larny scraping, by passaging was isolated from larny scraping, by passaging was isolated from larny scraping, by passaging was sichated from larny scraping, by passaging the passaging was solated from larny scraping, by passaging the	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVee) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stephanek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Cr. Stephanek, D. V. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from larynx scraping, by passaging on primary cannie kidney cells. The virus in its Dre virus in its	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haig in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVee) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Štěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20 th passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Štěpánek, D. V. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was solated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was solated from larynx scraping, by passaging on primary canine ickinge cells. The virus in its Th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. Is laboratories in 1991. The virus virain was	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haje in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜV-el) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bloveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. W. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from layns scraping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was equired by Bloveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was.	1 ml dose x 20	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis,	
1	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfiluenza virus, live attenuated	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Hajie in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Or. J. Stěpánek, D. W. V. Wirus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus sit is to the date when the virus was isolated. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. Loedek, C.Sc. in Bioveta, a.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by actional propriets.		infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza.	
2	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheitis , Parvovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live,	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfluenza virus, live attenuated Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact.,	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haigin 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVee) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stépänek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stépänek, D. W. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from Inary scraping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its 71 passage was cacquired by Bioveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, CSc. in Bioveta, a.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All serovars were obtained by Bioveta from the		infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza.	
2	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfiluenza virus, live attenuated	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haigin 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVee) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by 10. J. Stépánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research institute Brno by Dr. J. Stépánek, D. W. W. The virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus as isolated from maryn scraping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its Th passage was caquired by Bioveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All servoras vere obtained by Bioveta from the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and the Source and the Source on the source and		infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza.	
2	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfluenza virus, live attenuated Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact.,	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haji in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embroys and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from larnynx scraping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. Dedek, C.Sc. in Bioveta, a.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All serovars were obtained by Bioveta from the		infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira	
2	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfluenza virus, live attenuated Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact.,	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Hajie in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embroys and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1929 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from laryns excaping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, s.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, C.S. in Bioveta, s.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All servours were obtained by Bioveta from the Rabon National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown.		infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of target animal species(
2	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P.	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfluenza virus, live attenuated Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact.,	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haigin 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research institute of Veterinary Medicine (UVee) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by 10. J. Stépánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stépánek, D. W. W. Thus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus as isolated from Brnay rescraping, by passaging on primary canine ikidney cells. The virus in its Th passage was caquired by Bioveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All servoras vere obtained by Bioveta from the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The SAD Vnukovo strain is derivate of the SAD virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus vir	1 ml (20ml x 1)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active minimation of target animal species (dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats,	
2	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P.	Canien adenovirus, live attenuated Canine Parainfluenza virus, live attenuated Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact.,	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Hajie in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embroys and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1929 by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stěpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from laryns excaping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, s.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, C.S. in Bioveta, s.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All servours were obtained by Bioveta from the Rabon National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown.	1 ml (20ml x 1)	infectious hepatitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, parvovirus and parainfluenza. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of target animal species(
2 3	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotracheltis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P.	Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Lendi rabies virus, strain SAD Vnukovo- 32 Canine Coronavirus, inactivated (before	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haje in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜV-el) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by 10 year by 10 years and was acquired by Opavet and then by Bloveta in 1880. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Štěpánek, D. W. W. The virus in 120° passage was acquired by Boses and the virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Štěpánek, D. V. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus as isolated from laryns scraping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its Th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by The Dedek, C.Sc. In Bioveta, a.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by actue enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All serovars were obtained by Bioveta from the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1993, Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The SAD Vnukovo strain is derivate of the SAD virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus isolated from a rabid dog in Alabama, USA, in 1935, and adapted to primary hamster kidney cells.	1 ml (20ml x 1) 1 ml (10ml x 10)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of tags and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of tags animal species dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, piga) from the age of 3 months against rabies. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing	
2 3	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotrachelitis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. Rabies Vaccine Inactivated I.P.	Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact.,	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haji in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVei) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1925 by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from larnys scraping, by passaging on primary cannie kidney cells. The virus int is 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. in 1981. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, CSc. In Bioveta, a.s. in 1981. The virus of the virus was included by Bioveta for the control of the virus was included by Bioveta for the properties of the virus was included by Bioveta for the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The Saft Vinukovo strain is derivate of the SAD virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus isolated from a rabid dog in Alabama, USA, in 1935, and adapted to primary hamster kidney cells. The canine coronavirus strain adapted on stable cell line A-72 was obtained from vUVEL Brno	1 ml (20ml x 1) 1 ml (10ml x 10)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of target animal species(dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, piga) from the age of 3 months against rabiles. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira	
2 3 5	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotrachelitis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. Rabies Vaccine Inactivated I.P.	Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Lendi rabies virus, strain SAD Vnukovo- 32 Canine Coronavirus, inactivated (before	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haji in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVei) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1932 by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated for m laryns scraping, by passaging on primary cannie kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. in 1981. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, CSc. In Bioveta, a.s. in 1981. The virus of the virus was included by Bioveta for the control of the virus was included by Bioveta for the properties of the virus was included by Bioveta for the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The Saft Vinukovo strain is derivate of the SAD virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus isolated from a rabid dog in Alabama, USA, in 1935, and adapted to primary hamster kidney celline. A-72 was obtained from vUVEL Brno (Research Institute of veterinary medicine), where is registered in the Zoopathogenic	1 ml (20ml x 1) 1 ml (10ml x 10)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of tags and fur bearing animals against most frequently occured leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of tags animal species dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, piga) from the age of 3 months against rabies. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing	
2 3	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotrachelitis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. Rabies Vaccine Inactivated I.P.	Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Lendi rabies virus, strain SAD Vnukovo- 32 Canine Coronavirus, inactivated (before	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Hajie in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVel) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1880. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Gonte and the veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. W. M. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Blowta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated from laryns scraping, by passaging on primary canine kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Blowta, a.s. laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. D. Dedek, C.Sc. in Blowta, a.s. in 1981, from the intestines of a dog affected by acute enteric disease. Virus was attenuated by All serovars were obtained by Blowta from the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The SAD Vunkow strain is derivate of the SAD virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus isolated from a rabid dog in Alabama, USA, in 1933, and adapted to primary hamster kidney cells. Research Institute of veterinary medicine), where is registered in the Zoopathogenic Microorganism Collection under number CAPM	1 ml (20ml x 1) 1 ml (10ml x 10)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of target animal species(dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, piga) from the age of 3 months against rabiles. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira	
2 3	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotrachelitis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. Rabies Vaccine Inactivated I.P.	Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Lendi rabies virus, strain SAD Vnukovo- 32 Canine Coronavirus, inactivated (before	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Haji in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine (VÜVei) in Brno. The Ondersteepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1932 by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated for m laryns scraping, by passaging on primary cannie kidney cells. The virus in its 7th passage was acquired by Bioveta, a.s. in 1981. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, CSc. In Bioveta, a.s. in 1981. The virus of the virus was included by Bioveta for the control of the virus was included by Bioveta for the properties of the virus was included by Bioveta for the National Reference Laboratory for Leptospira, Prague, in 1999. Information on the source and passage history of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The Saft Vinukovo strain is derivate of the SAD virus (Street Alabama Dufferin), a street virus isolated from a rabid dog in Alabama, USA, in 1935, and adapted to primary hamster kidney celline. A-72 was obtained from vUVEL Brno (Research Institute of veterinary medicine), where is registered in the Zoopathogenic	1 ml (20ml x 1) 1 ml (10ml x 10) 1 ml (20ml x 1)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of target animal species(dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, piga) from the age of 3 months against rabiles. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira	
2 3	ROAD, SEC-14, GURGAON, HARYANA	SV-25	Hepatitis, Infectious Laryngotrachelitis, Parovirus & parainfluenza Vaccine, Live, Freeze Dried Canine Leptospirosis Vaccine, Inactivated I.P. Rabies Vaccine Inactivated I.P.	Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Leptospira canicola inact., Lendi rabies virus, strain SAD Vnukovo- 32 Canine Coronavirus, inactivated (before	Ondersteeport strain which was isolated from dogs in South Africa by D. A. Hajie in 1956. The passage history of the original strain is unknown as no records are available in the Research Institute of Veterinary Reading (VÜVel) in Brno. The Onderstepoort strain was attenuated by serial passaging on chicken embryos and then adapted to the Vero cell line. It was isolated in Veterinary Research Institute Brno in 1992 by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. M. V. The virus in in 20° passage was acquired by Opavet and then by Bioveta in 1980. The virus strain was isolated on primary canine cells in Veterinary Research Institute Brno by Dr. J. Stèpánek, D. W. W. Virus was isolated from the respiratory tract of a dog affected by respiratory disease. No records are available on the date when the virus was isolated. The virus was isolated from larpms cannel kidney cells. The virus in Stabartories in 1991. The virus Strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, CSc. in Bioveta, a.s. Is laboratories in 1991. The virus strain was isolated by Dr. L. Dedek, CSc. in Bioveta, a.s. in 1991, information of a dog affected by Stabartories in 1991. The virus was stolated from the Stabartories in 1991. The virus was stolated by Britania was stolated from the respiratory of the strains before 1999 is unknown. The SaND Virus of the strain before 1999 is unknown. The SaND Virus over a strain adapted on stable cell line A-72 was obtained from v10VEL Brno (Research Institute of veterinary medicine), where is registered in the Zoopathogenic Microorganism Collection under number CAPM V482. Virus was isolated from a faces of affected in McCoorganism Collection under number CAPM V482. Virus was isolated from a residence of a feeted of McCoorganism Collection under number CAPM V482. Virus was isolated from a faces of affected in the Zoopathogenic Microorganism Collection under number CAPM V482. Virus was isolated from a faces of affected in the Zoopathogenic	1 ml (20ml x 1) 1 ml (10ml x 10) 1 ml (20ml x 1)	For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira serovars in dogs at the age of 8 weeks & above. For active immunisation of target animal species(dogs, cats, fur animals, cattles, horses, sheep, goats, piga) from the age of 3 months against rabiles. For active immunisation of dogs and fur bearing animals against most frequently occurred leptospira	

6			BIOFEL PCHR	Inactivated feline panleucopenia virus, strain FPV Bio 7, Inactivated feline calicivirus, strain FCV PB Bio 8, Inactivated feline herpesvirus, strain FHV-1 Bio 9, Inactivated Rabies virus, strain SAD Vinukova-32	Feline, rabies - Institute of poliomyelitis and viral encephalitis, Academy of Medical Science, Moscow		For active immunisation against feline panleukopenia, herpes virus and calicivirus infection and rabies.	
S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
1	Stallen South Asia Pvt Ltd,	SV-33	IB-OLVAC		Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	the breast) route of administration Presentation: 1000 doses in 500ml polypropylene vial	For the prevention of Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bronchitis disease in breeder pullets and layer pullets at the age of 18 weeks approximately	
2		SV-33	MYC-VAC	Strain NEV-40 and Strain NEV-45	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Liquid Injection for (0.5ml) for intramusuo	For prophylaxis of Mycoplasma Gallisepticum infectious in checkens and turkeys.	
3		SV-33	HG-GEL VAC 3	Strains Haemophilus paragallinarum serotype	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Liquid injection for subctaneously (in the I	For the prevention of Infectious Coryza in future layers and breeders.	
4		SV-33	CORI-VAC3	Strains Haemophilus paragallinarum serotype	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Vaccine must be inoculated intramuscular	For active immunization against Avian Coryza in Poultry birds	
5		SV-33	OLVAC B+G	Lasota strain of NDV, Strain Massachusetts M 41 strain of IBV, Strain NEV 14 (serologically correlated to D 207) strain of IBV, Strain NEV 24 (serologically correlated to D 212) of IBV, Strain NEV 39 of Infectious Bursal Disease Virus.	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Liquid injection (0.5ml) for subcutaneously (in the back of the neck) or intramuscular (in the breast) route of administration. Presentation: 1000 doses in 500ml	For the prevention of Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bronchitis and Infectious Bursal disease in breeder at the age of 18 weeks approximately.	
6		SV-33	PM-OLVAC		Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Liquid Injection (0.5ml) for subcutaneously route in the back of the neck Presentation: 1000 doses in 500ml.	For the prevention of Newcastle Disease and fowl cholera in chickens and turkeys at 3-5 weeks of age.	
7		SV-33	G-OLVAC	Lasota strain of Newcastle Disease virus & Strain NEV 39 of Infectious Bursal Disease virus.	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Liquid injection for subcutaneously or int	For the prevention of Newcastle Disease and Infectious Bursal disease in future breeders at the age of 18 weeks.	
S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
8	Stallen South Asia Pvt Ltd, 106 Matharu Arcade, Subhash Road, Vile Parle East, Mumbai 400057	SV-33	OL-VAC	NDV strain Lasota	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Liquid Injection (0.5ml) for intramuscular in the breast or subcutaneously in the back of neck route of administration. Presentation: 1000 doses in 500ml	For the prevention of Newcastle disease in future layers and breeders.	
9		SV-33	BIO-MAREK HVT+SB-1	HVT FC 126 Strain & MDV serotype 2 SB-1 Strain	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Each vial (2000 doses) for intramuscular or subcutaneous injection	Prevention of Marek's disease in broilers, layers and breeders.	
10		SV-33	MS VAC	Strains of Mycoplasma Synoviae NEV1 and NEV2.	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Injected subcutaneously in the back of the neck or intramuscularly in the breast . Presentation: 500ml (1000 doses)	The vaccine is recommended for the prophylaxis of Mycoplasma synovial infections in chickens and turkey.	
11		SV-33	OLVAC B+G+R	Lasota Strain, M41Massachusetts Strain, NEV 39 Strain, Strain S 1133	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Injectable emulsion for intramuscular route of administration . Presentation: 500ml (1000 doses)	The vaccine is recommended for the vaccine of broiler and layer breeders against Newcastle Disease, Infectious Bronchitis, Infectious Brusal Disease and Avian Reovirus Infection.	
12		SV-33	SET VAC	Strains of S.Enteritide and S.Typhimurium	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Injectable emulsion for subcutaneous route of administration. Presentation: 500ml (1000 doses)	Prophylaxis vaccination against S. enteritidis and S.typhimurium infections in chicken.	
13		SV-33	OLVAC 1000	Lasota strain of Newcastle Disease virus	Own by the manufacturer i.e. FATRO S.p.A, Italy.	Injectable for subcutaneous route of administration. Presentation: 500ml (2000 doses)	The vaccine is recommended for the active immunization against Newcastle disease infection in poultry.	
S. No.	Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Journal Indication	
1	M/s Brilliant Bio Pharma Private Limited Plot No. 97, 98, 276 & 277 IDA Pashamylaram Sangareddy - 502307	Mfg. Lic No. : 01/MD/AP/98/V/R	Rabies Veterinary Vaccine (Cell Culture), Inactivated B.P. (for Export) RABIVAC VET	Strain PV 11	National Centre for Cell Sciences, Pune	Dosage Form-1 dose, 5 doses and 10 doses Presentation-1 mL, 5 mL & 10 mL	For Intramuscular or Subcutaneous use only	

	1	relangana State		Inactivated B.P. (for Export) RABIVAC VET	Strain PV 11 Strain PV 11 Strain PV 11		doses Presentation-1 mL, 5 mL & 10 mL	For Intramuscular or Subcutaneous use only For Intramuscular or Subcutaneous use only For Intramuscular or Subcutaneous use only
				Rabies Veterinary vaccine (Cell Culture), Inactivated I.P. (for Domestic)	Strain PV 11		Dosage Form-1 dose, 5 doses and 10 doses Presentation-1 mL, 5 mL & 10 mL	For Intramuscular or Subcutaneous use only
				FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED B.P. FUTVAC (for Export)	Virus types O (strain IND/R2/75), A (strain IND/40/2000 & Asia 1 (strain IND/63/72)	Project Directorate on Foot and Mouth Disease, IVRI, Mukteshwar, Uttarakhand	Dosage Form- Cattle and Buffaloes-2mL and Sheep and Goats-1ml Presentation: 20 mL, 30mL, 50mL, 60mL, 100mL and	Deep intramuscular injection
				FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE VACCINE, INACTIVATED I.P. (for Domestic)	Virus types O (strain IND/R2/75), A (strain IND/40/2000 & Asia 1 (strain IND/63/72)	Project Directorate on Foot and Mouth Disease, IVRI, Mukteshwar, Uttarakhand	Dosage Form- Cattle and Buffaloes-2mL Sheep and Goats-1ml Presentation: 20 mL, 30mL, 50mL, 60mL, 100mL and	Deep intramuscular injection
				ENTEROTOXAEMIA VACCINE I.P. (for domestic and Export)	clostridium perfringens type D and epsilon toxoid	IVRI., Izatnagar, (UP)	Dosage Form- 25 doses, 50 doses, and 100 doses Presentation:100 mL	Subcutaneous injection
				(for Domestic & Export)	pasteurella multocida (strain P52)	IVRI., Izatnagar, (UP)	Dosage Form- 25 doses, 50 doses, and 100 doses Presentation:100 mL	Subcutaneous injection
				BLACKQUATER VACCINE I.P. (for Domestic & Export)	Clostridium chauvoei (starin 49)	IVRI., Izatnagar, (UP)	Dosage Form- 25 doses, 50 doses, and 100 doses Presentation:100 mL	Subcutaneous injection
				HAEMORRHAGIC SEPTICARMIA & BLACKQUARTER VACCINE (for domestic and Export)	pasteurella multocida (strain PS2) and Clostridium chouvoei (starin 49)	In house	Dosage Form- 25 doses & 50 doses Presentation:100 mL	Subcutaneous injection
		Name of the importer/manufacturer with address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication
=	1 2	otis india Limited	IMP-117/2014	Mycoplasma Synoviae Vaccine Live (Strain MS-H)		The parent of strain MS-H was isolated from the choanal clief to a commercial layer hen in the Scone district of New South Wales (Morrow 1990) The flock had been vaccinated with Mycoplasma gallisepticum (MG) strain ts-1111 and was showing clinical signs of respiratory disease. The disease was attributed to M. synoviae (Whithera, unpublished observations). The Isolate was purified three times and identified as Mycoplasma synoviae by specific inhibition of colony growth on agar using hyperimumue M. synoviae rabbit antiserum. It was designated 86079/7NS.	Wet Frozen vaccine for eye drop route of administration administration Presentation: 1000 doses in 30ml plastic LDPE bottle	For the control of Mycoplasma Synoviae related to chronic respisratory disease in Poultry
	2		IMP-373/2012	Mycoplasma Gallisepticum (Strain TS11)	Strain TS11	The parent of strain TS-11 (strain 80083) was isolated from a meat breeder hen in New South Wales, in 1980. In the field, strain 80083 appeared to be a relatively low virulence and to spread slowly to other chickens in the flock (C. Jackson, personal communication). The culture was propagated according to Whitheat 1983 clone-purified 3 times and identified as M. gallisepticum using the growth inhibition test and antiserum prepared in rabbits against M gallisepticum (stain SS). No other mycoplasmas or bacterial contaminants were detected by aerobic or anaerobic culture.	administration	For Vaccination of Brolier bredders and layers as an aid inprevention of Chronic respiratory disease Caused by Mycoplasma Gallisepticum in suseptible chicken at the risk of infection

3	IMP-60/2016	Canine Distemper-Adenovirus Type-2- coronavirus - Paraiffuenza - Parovirus Vaccine, Modified Live & Killed Virus, Leptospira Canicula - Gripoptybnoa- Icterohaemorrhagiae - Pamona Bacterin	1) Canine distemper vius N-CDV 2) Canine Adenovius Stpe 2 strain Manhattan 3) Canine Parainfluenza virus Strain NL-CPI-5 4) Parovirus Strain NL-3-5 5) Leptospira Canicola Strain C-51 6) Leptospira Canicola Strain C-51 6) Leptospira citerohaemorrhagiae Strain NAL 1540 7) Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae Strain NAL 1540 8) Leptospira pomona Strain T262 * Canine coronavirus Strain NL-18	2013. 1. Canine Distemper Virus Veterinary Virus Research Institute, Cornell	Combiack of freeze dried vaccine accompanied by liquid vaccine	For vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age or older as an aid in preventing disease caused by CD virus, CAV-2, CPI virus, CCV, CPV and CPV-2c, Leptospira, Lgrippotyphosa, L icterhaemorrhagiae and L. pomona	
4	IMP-247/2013	Canine Coronavirus Vaccine, Inactivated, IP	Canine coronavirus Strain NL-18	Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 189, transferred all master seeds to Zoetis Inc., Est. 190, on March 28, 2013. Establishment No. 189, Lincoln, Nebraska,	Liquid Vaccine	For Vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age or older as an aid in preventing canine enteritis caused by canine voronavirus (CCV)	
5	IMP-123/2019	Canine Distemper-Adenovirus Type-2- Parainfluenza - Parvovirus Vaccine, Modified Live virus, Leptospira Bacterin	Canine distemper virus N-CDV Canine Adenovirus type 2 strain Manhattan Canine Adenovirus type 2 strain Manhattan Canine Adenovirus Strain NL-CPI-5 Parvovirus Strain NL-35-0 Spletospira Canicola Strain C-51 Cetpospira grippotyphoas Strain MAL 1540 Tyl Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae Strain NADL (11403) Leptospira pomona Strain T262	2013. 1. Canine Distemper Virus Veterinary Virus Research Institute, Cornell	Freeze dried vaccine	For vaccination of healthy dogs 6 weeks of age or older as an aid in preventing disease caused by Canine Distemper virus, Canine Adenovirus-1, Canine Adenovirus-1, Canine Adenovirus type-2, Canine Parainfluenza virus, Canine Parvovirus, I. Canicola and L.Icterhaemorrhagiae	
6	IMP-237/2013	Rabies Veterinary Vaccine, Inactivated (Cell Culture)	Rabies Virus Strain PV-Paris/BHK/ purify. Pass 3, SVR-289	Prizer Animal Health, Est. 189, transferred all master seeds to Zoetis Inc., Est. 190, on March 28, 2013. Dr. George Baer, Center for Disease Control, Atlanta, Georgia, March 24, 1988	Liquid Vaccine	for vaccination of healthy dogs and cats as an aid in preventing rables	
7	IMP-312/2013	Combined Bovine Rota Virus, Coronavirus Vaccine, Killed Virus, Escherichia Coli Bacterin	Bovine Rotavirus - Strain Lincoln Isolate Bovine Rotavirus - Strain B223 Bovine Coronavirus - Strain Hansen Isolate Escherichia coli (K99 pilus antigen) - Strain NI-1005	Pilizer Animal Health, Est. 189, transferred all master seeds to Zoetis inc., Est. 190, on March 28, 2013. 1. Bovine Rotavirus Lincoln Isolato, Veterinary Sciences Department, University of Nebraska, September 30, 1970. 2. Bovine Rotavirus B223 Establishment No. 189, White Hall, IL, September 20, 1990. 3. Bovine Coronavirus Veterinary Sciences Department, University of Nebraska, February 21, 1973. CVB Mail Loge: 240621 4. E. coll - N-L1050 South Dakota State University, October 31, 1984		For vaccination of healthy pregnant cows and helfers as an aid in preventing in their calves, caused by bovine rotavirus (serotypes G6 & G10), bovine coronavirus and enterotoxigenic strains of E. coli having K99 pili adherence factor	

IMP-245/2013	Canine Distemper-Adenovirus Type-2- coronavirus - Paraifluenza - P	1) Canine distemper virus N-CDV 2) Canine Adenovirus type 2 strain Manhattan 3) Canine Parainfluenza virus Strain NL-CPI-5 4) Parovorus Strain NL-35-D 5) Leptospira Canicola Strain C-51 6) Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae Strain NADL (11403) + Canine coronavirus Strain NL-18	Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 189, transferred all master seeds to Zoetis inc., Est. 190, on March 28, 2013. 1. Canine Distemper Virus Veterinary Virus Research Institute, Cornell University, Ithea, New York, Spreember 1956. 2. Canine Adenovirus Type 2 Dr. LE. Carmichael, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, March 1972. 3. Canine Coronavirus Establishment No. 189, Lincoln, Nebraska, October 1978. 4. Canine Parainfluenza Virus Dr. LE. Carmichael, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, April 5, 1974. 5. Parovirus Establishment No. 189, Lincoln, Nebraska, October 1978. 6. L. canichos Professor Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, April 5, 1974. 5. Parovirus Establishment No. 189, Lincoln, Nebraska, October 1978. 6. L. canichosa Prior to 1967 from an undetermined source. 7. L. icteroheamorrhagiae National Animal Disease Laboratory, Ames, IA, on December 9, 1974.	Combiack of freeze dried vaccine accompanied by liquid vaccine	For vaccination of healthy dogs as an aid in preventing disease caused by Canine Distemper virus, Canine Adenovirus-1, Canine Adenovirus type-2, Canine Adenovirus-1, Canine Adenovirus-1, Canine Conavirus, Canine Cornavirus, Canine	
IMP-57/2017	Feline Rhinotracheitis-Calici-Panleukopenia- Vaccine, Modified Live Virus	1) Feline Rhinotrachetits Virus Stain FVR 2) Feline Calicivirus Strain F-9 3) Feline Panleukopenia Virus Strain Snow Leopard	Feline Rhinotracheitis Virus The virus was cultured from the throat of a healthy 3-month old kitten during a study of URI incidence in an Establishment No. 189 breeding colory on October 10, 1973. The kitten did not have URI symptoms. The culture was isolated in a feline kidney cell line (NL-F.K.1) A second in vitro passage of the virus was subjected to the mutagenic chemicals fluorouracil, fluorouracil, fluorouracil, entrope the control of the control	Freeze dried vaccine	For Vaccination of Healthy Cats as an aid in prevention of FVR caused by Feline Herpesvirus-1, Filiene respiratory disorder caused by Feline Calivirus (FCV) and FPL cuased by Feline Parvovirus	
IMP-270/2013	Equine Rhinopneumonitis Vaccine, Killed Virus	Rhinopneumonitis Virus) Army 183 Strain (EHV-1 subtype 1p) 2) Equine herpesvirus 1, Subtype 1b (Equine Rhinopneumonitis Virus) T-480 Strain (EHV-1 subtype b)	1.EHV.1.A.183 The virus designated A-183 was received from Dr. Jr. Biyans, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky, on March 6, 1975. 2.EHV.1.1-880 The Iteal lung tissue containing virus was received from Dr. George Allen, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky, on July 31, 1985, designated 83-E-928. The master seeds were subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112 on October 16, 2009 by Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 118. The master seeds to Yet Transferred all master seeds to Zoetis Inc., Est. 190 on March 28,	Liquid Vaccine (2ml) dose Presentation: 2ml x 1dose, 2ml x 10 doses	For the accination of helathy 9 months of age or older as an aid in the prevention of respiratory disease caused by the ERV 19 and ERV 10 viruses as well as for use in pregnant mares as an aid in the prevention of abortion due to ERV 1 infections.	
IMP-235/2013	Mycoplasma Gallisepticum Bacterin Vaccine, Inactivated	Mycoplasma/Buffer Suspension (Strain R- 980)	The master seed used in preparation of this product was acquired as par of the acquisition on March 1, 1997, of Solvay Animal Health, Est. 195 by Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112. The master seed was subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 129 on October 16, 2009 by Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 189. Pfizer Animal Health Realth Est. 189. 2013.	Liquid vaccine (0.5ml) dose Presentation: 500ml x 1000 doses	As an aid in the prevention of clinical signs associated with Mycoplasma gallisepticum infection	
IMP-236/2013	Reo Virus Vaccine, Inactivated, IP	Strain #1133, Virus Bearing fluid Strain#2408 Virus Bearing fluid Strain#3005 Virus Bearing fluid	All master seeds used in preparation of this product were acquired as part of the acquisition on March 1, 1997, of Sohay Animal Health, Est. 112. 195 by Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112. All master seeds were subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112 on October 16, 2009 by Piter Animal Health, Est. 118. 189. The Piter Animal Health, Est. 189 transferred all master seeds to Zoetis Inc., Est. 190 on March 28,	Liquid Vaccine Presentation: 500ml x 1000 doses	For revaccination of healthy chickens 10 weeks of age as ain aid in the prevention of signs and lesions associated with avain revirus infections which cause malabsorption syndrome	

14	IMP-225/2013 IMP-227/2013	Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, IP Marek's Disease Vaccine, Live, IP (Serotype 3)	Marek's Disease Chicken Herpes Virus Infected Cell Suspension Marek's Disease-Turkey Herpes Virus-Infected Cell Suspension Turkey Herpes virus infected cell (Strain FC#126	All master seeds used in preparation of this product were acquired as part of the acquisition on March 1, 1997, of Sokway Animal Health, Est. 195 by Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112. The master seed was subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and Iscabib. Cell. 137. All master seeds used in preparation of this product were acquired as part of the acquisition on March 1, 1997, of Sokway Animal Health, Est. 112. The master seed was subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112 on October 16, 2009 by Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 119. The Country of the Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 119 on October 16, 2009 by Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 119. The Animal Health, Est. 199 on March 28, 2013.	Froozen vaccine along with diluent Presentation: 5 x 1000 doses Lyophilized Vaccine with sterile diluent Presentation: 10x1000 doses; 10x2000 doses	For subcutaneous vaccination of healthy one day old chicks or the in-ovo vaccination of 18-19 days old embryonated chickneegs to aid in the prevention of the signs and lesions of Marek's Disease For the vaccination of healthy one day old chicks only to aid in the prevention of the signs and lesions of Marek's Disease	
15	IMP-159/2016	Bursal Disease Vaccine, Live virus	Infectious Bursal Disease Virus Strain 2512	All master seeds used in preparation of this product were acquired as part of the acquisition on March 1,1997, of Sobay Animal Health, Est. 112. The master seed was subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112 on October 16, 2009 by Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 129. Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 189 transferred all master seeds to Zoetis inc., Est. 190 on March 28, 2013.	Freeze dried vaccine Presentation: 10mlx 2000 doses; 50ml x 8000 doses	For vaccination of healthy chickens as an aid in preventing infectious bursal disease.	
16	IMP-284/2013	Combined Equine Rhinopnemonitis and influenza Vaccine, killed virus (FLUVAC Innovator EHV-4/1)	1) j Equine Herpesvirus-1 Strain 438/77 (EHV-1) 2) Equine Herpesvirus-4 VR-2230 Strain 405/76 (EHV-4) 3) Equine Influenza Virus, Kentucky 97 (EIV)	1. EHV.1 EHV-1 was received August 2, 1989 from American Type Culture Collection (ATCC, VR- 2229). EHV-4 was obtained from ATCC on August 2, 1989 as VR-2220 strain 405/76. 3. EIV 3. EEVIL AUGUST AUGUST AUGUST 1, 1989 as VR-2220 Strain 405/76. 3. EIV	Liquid Vaccine Presentation: 10mlx1000 doses	For Vaccination of healthy horses 9months of age or older as an aid in the prevention of respiratory diseases	
17	IMP-10/2012	Infectious Coryza Vaccine IP, Inactivated (mineral oil emulsion	I) Inactivated Bacterial Concentrate, spross Strain I) M Strain 3) 221 Strain	8.1.1. Sorovar A: The 221 Strain was isolated in Japan in mid-1962. It was received by Solvay Animal Health (USA), by Dr. Richard Rimler of NADC. Ames, Iowa in 1994. A Master Seed was prepared from 2 passages in SPF eggs. It is identified as Haemophilus paragallinarum, Sorovar A, 221, Master Seed Pass X-0 12-21-94. It was transferred to Zoetis Indústria de Produtos Veterianios (former Fort Dodge Saúde Animal Ltda.), Campinas, Brazil in 1996. 8.1.2. Sorovar B: The Spross Strain as isolated of an outbreak of Coryza in Guatemala. The passage background is unknown before the receipt by Dr. Richard Rimler, NADC, Iowa on July 23, 1992. The Master Seed is identified as H. paragallinarum, Spross, Sorovar B. X-0, Master Seed 01-06-94. It was transferred to Zoetis Indústria de Produtos Veterinários (former Fort Dodge Saúde Animal Ltda.), Campinas, Brazil in 1996. 8.1.3. Sorovar C: The Modesto strain of Haemophilus paragallinarum was isolated from an outbreak of Corya in Modesto, California (USA), and was passed 7 times in embryonated eggs before receive 1 the University of Goreria.	Liquid injection for intramuscular route of administration Presentation; 1000 doses in 500ml vial	For the vaccination of healthy chickens against infectious Coryza caused by Haemophilus paragallinarum types A,B and C	
18	IMP-70/2012	Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis Marker, gE- Negative vaccine, Inactivated against Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis in cattle	Strain Difivac (IBR- Marker Virus, gEnegative)	Following the acquisition of Bayer HealthCare AG vaccines by Zoetis Limited in December 2003, the manufacturing site of Zoetis Global Manufacturing at Louvain—la-Newe, Belgium, received the seeds of Bovine Herpes Virus Type 1 – Diffvac, gE deletion mutant. The seeds were the Master Seed 15kes 18550.	of administration	For activation of immunization of cattle against Infetious Bovine Rhinotrachetil IBR to reduce the clinical signs and virus shedding and in female cattle to prevent abortion associated with BHV-1 infections	
19	IMP-251/2013	Combined Infectious Bursal Disease, Newcastle Disease, Infectious bronchitis and Reovirus vaccine, killed virus	Bursal Disease virus-bearing fluids- Lukert strain Newcastle Disease virus-bearing fluids- Kimber strain Bondis virus-bearing fluids- Martin Strain Reovirus Strain # 1733 Virus-Bearing Fluids Reovirus Strain # 2408 Virus-Bearing Fluids	All master seeds used in preparation of this products were acquired as part of the acquisition on March 1, 1997, of Solvay Animal Health, Est. 125 by Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112. The master seed was subsequently acquired as part of the acquisition of Wyeth Corporation and its subsidiary, Fort Dodge Animal Health, Est. 112 on October 16, 2009 by Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 199. Pfizer Animal Health, Est. 189 transferred all master seeds to Zoetis Inc., Est. 190 on March 28, 2013.	Liquid Vaccine Presentation: 500ml x 1000 doses	For reaccination of healthy chickens as ain aid in the prevention of signs and lesions associated with infectious bursal disease, Newcastle disease, infectious bronchitis, Massachusetts type and avian reovirus infections which cause malabsorption syndrome	

c	No. Name of the importer/manufacturer with	Parmirrian No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the strain	Source of the strain	Dosage Form & Presentation	Indication	
э.	address	Permission No.	Name of the vaccine	Name of the Strain	Source of the strain	bosage roim & Presentation	indication	
L								
1	M/s Elanco India Pvt. Ltd., C/o Kuehne Nage	RC/FF-002234	Infectious Bursal disease vaccine I.P	IBD V217 Type	M/s. Lohmann Animal Health, Cuxhaven	Lyophilization for suspension; Drinking	For Active Immunization of Chickens to reduce clinical	
	Pvt Ltd., S Y No. 64, Harokyathanahalli,		(Brand name: AviPro IBD Xtreme)			Water, spray or eye drop method	diseases, weight loss, mortality and acute lesions of the	
	Dasanapura Hobli Tumkar Road, W. H No. 2 , Karnataka, Bengaluru, Rural 562123					1000, 2500 and 5000 Doses	bursa of fabricius associated with infectious Bursal Disease (IBD) Viruss	
2	(India)	RC/FF-002236	Reo virus vaccine, Inactivated I.P	Reovirus 1733 strain,	University of Delaware, Newark, Delaware	Subcutaneous injection	Recommended for the vaccination of breeder hens and	
	()		(Brand name: AviPro 106 REO)	Reovirus S1133 strain		1000 doses	replacement pullets as an aid to provide passive	
							protection of progeny against reovirus related	
_		1140/420 2024					malabsorotion syndrome	
3		IMP/139-2021	Infectious Coryza, Inactivated vaccine I.P (Brand name: AviPro 101 Coryza Gold)	Avibacterium paragallinarum Serotype A (0083 strain),	Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon	Subcutaneous injection 1000 doses	Recommended for the vaccination of healthy Chickens as an aid in the prevention of infectious coryza disease	
			(brand name. Avirio 101 Coryza Gold)	Serotype B (Spross strain) and		1000 doses	due to Avibacterium paragallinarum	
				Serotype C (Modesto strain)			dae to Aribacteriani paragamiarani	
				,				
	 	IMP/71-2021	Fowl cholera vaccine Inactivated I.P	Pasturella multocida Type 1 (X-73 strain)	National Veterinary Services Laboratories, Ames,	Subcutaneous injection	Recommended for the vaccination of Chickens and	
4		IMP//1-2021	(Brand name: AviPro 108 FC3 Platinum)	P. multocida Type 4 (P-1662 strain)	lowa	2000doses	Turkeys as an aid in the prevention of Fowl Cholera	
			(Brand name: Avii to 100 t es t latinam)	Pasteurella multocida Type-3X4 (86-1913	10110	25555555	caused by Pasteurella multocida, Type 1 infections in	
				Strain)			chickens and Types 4 and Type 3X4 in Turkeys	
5		IMP/103-2021	Mycoplasma gallisepticum Bacterin vaccine,	Mycoplasma gallisepticum, R strain	United States Department of Agriculture (USDA),	Subcutaneous injection	Recommended for the vaccination of Chickens as an aid	
			Inactivated		Southeast Poultry Research Center, University of	1000 doses	in the control of signs associated with Mycoplasma	
			(Brand name: AviPro 104 MG Bacterin)		Georgia, Athens, Georgia		gallisepticum infection by providig a suitable humoral	
							response	
6		IMP/264-2021	Infectious Bursal Disease, Newcastle Disease,	Newcastle disease virus B1 type, Lasota	Department of Veterinary Science, University of	Subcutaneous injection	Recommended for the vaccination of breeder hens and	
			Bronchitis & Reovirus vaccine, Inactivated	strain,	Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin	1000 doses	replacement pullets as an aid in the prevention of	
			(Brand name: AviPro 431 ND-IB-BD3-Reo)	Infectious Bronchitis virus Mass. Type, Dg			Newcastle disease and infectious bronchitis (Mass type)	
				strain, Infectious Bursal Disease virus (Baxendale,			and to provide maternal antibodies for the early protection of progeny against Reovirus related	
				Maryland strain, Delaware variant 1084A,			malabsorption syndrome and tenosynovitis and to	
				Delaware variant 1084E)			type1, infectious bursal disease, standard and variant	
				Avian Reovirus (1733 and S1133 strain)			strains	
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